FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2024

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & BUSINESS CONSULTANTS

#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

Board of Regents Washburn University of Topeka Topeka, Kansas

#### **Report On The Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component units of Washburn University of Topeka (the University) as of and for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component units of Washburn University of Topeka as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

We did not audit the financial statements of Washburn University Foundation, a discretely presented component unit of the University, which statements reflect total assets of \$246,450,373 and \$218,798,174 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and total revenues of \$44,086,713 and \$29,285,707, respectively, for the years then ended or the Washburn Law School Foundation, a discretely presented component unit of the University, which statements reflect total assets of \$9,473,051 and \$7,993,532 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and total revenues of \$1,900,079 and \$817,516, respectively, for the years then ended. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Washburn University Foundation and the Washburn Law School Foundation, are based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

#### Basis For Opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the applicable provisions of the Kansas Municipal Audit Guide. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities For The Audit Of The Financial Statements section of our report. The financial statements of Washburn University Foundation and Washburn Law School Foundation, which comprise the financial statements of the aggregate discretely presented component units, were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and the applicable provisions of the Kansas Municipal Audit Guide. We are required to be independent of Washburn University of Topeka and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities Of Management For The Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Washburn University's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities For The Audit Of The Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* and the applicable provisions of the Kansas Municipal Audit Guide will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards and the applicable provisions of the Kansas Municipal Audit Guide, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Washburn University of Topeka's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Washburn University of Topeka's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

GAAP requires that the accompanying management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 17 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules required for revenue bonds and revenue refunding bonds on pages 86 through 91, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) on pages 74 through 76, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance GAAS. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The schedules required for revenue bonds and revenue refunding bonds have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required By Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 11, 2024, on our consideration of the University's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing; and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and in considering the University's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

December 11, 2024

RulinBrown LLP

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2024 And 2023

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides an overview of the financial position and activities of Washburn University (the University) during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, with comparative data for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023. This discussion has been prepared by management along with the financial statements and related note disclosures and should be read in conjunction with them. Management is responsible for the objectivity and integrity of the accompanying financial statements and notes, and for this discussion and analysis.

Management is also responsible for maintaining the University's system of internal control, which includes careful selection and development of employees, proper division of duties, and written accounting and operating policies and procedures. Although there are inherent limitations to the effectiveness of any system of accounting controls, management believes the University's system provides reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets are safeguarded from unauthorized use or disposition and the accounting records are sufficiently reliable to permit the preparation of financial statements that conform in all material respects with generally accepted accounting principles.

#### The Reporting Entity

The financial statements of the University include the operations of the University and the following component units:

- Washburn Institute of Technology (Washburn Tech);
- Washburn University Foundation (the Foundation); and,
- Washburn Law School Foundation (the Law Foundation).

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity; GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units; GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus, an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34; and GASB Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14, Washburn Tech is included in the University's financial statements as a blended component unit because the University's Board of Regents is also the governing body of Washburn Tech and the University's management has operational responsibility for Washburn Tech.

Throughout this MD&A, references to "the University" refer to the blended reporting entity unless the reference specifically or contextually relates only to Washburn University.

The Foundation and the Law Foundation are reported as discretely-presented component units of the University in compliance with GASB Statements No. 14, No. 39, No. 61, and No. 80. Neither of these component units is addressed in this MD&A.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

#### **Using the Financial Statements**

The University's financial statements are presented in a "business type activity" format, in compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments*, and GASB Statement No. 35, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for Public Colleges and Universities – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 34*. In addition to the MD&A, these pronouncements require the following in a financial report:

- Statement of Net Position;
- Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position;
- Statement of Cash Flows; and,
- Notes to Financial Statements.

One of the most important questions asked about the University's finances is whether the University as a whole is better or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position; the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position; and the Statement of Cash Flows provide information on the University as a whole and present a long-term view of the University's finances. These statements present financial information in a form similar to that used by private corporations.

Over time, increases or decreases in net position (the residual of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources) are one indicator of the improvement or erosion of the University's financial health, when considered with non-financial data such as enrollment levels and the condition of the University's facilities. In addition to the required information noted above, this report contains required supplementary information and other supplementary schedules.

#### Financial Highlights for The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

The discussion below addresses the University's financial highlights.

#### Washburn University

The University's financial position remained strong at June 30, 2024, with total assets of \$296.7 million and total liabilities of \$94.9 million. These amounts resulted in an increase in net position of \$6.1 million.

Financial operations were in accordance with the budget plan approved by the University's Board of Regents. Fiscal year 2024 operating revenues were \$39.8 million and operating expenses were \$115.6 million, resulting in a loss from operations of \$75.8 million. GASB Statement No. 35 requires state and local appropriations, gifts and investment income to be classified as nonoperating revenues. As a result, the University reports a net operating loss.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

To gain a complete picture of operations requires consideration of net nonoperating revenues. For the year ended June 30, 2024, net nonoperating revenues of \$81.6 million consist primarily of state and local appropriations, grants, and gifts. When combined with capital grants (\$251,478) and additions to permanent endowments (\$89,295), the University recognized an increase in net position of \$6.1 million compared to an increase of \$13.7 million for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Washburn Tech

Washburn Tech's financial position was also strong at June 30, 2024, with total assets of \$22.6 million exceeding total liabilities of \$2.6 million. These amounts resulted in an increase in net position of \$3.3 million.

Financial operations were in accordance with the budget plan approved by the University's Board of Regents. Fiscal year 2024 operating revenues were \$2.7 million and operating expenses were \$14.1 million, resulting in a loss from operations of \$11.4 million. Net nonoperating revenues of \$14.7 million consist primarily of state appropriations and grants, which resulted in an increase in net position of \$3.3 million. The increase was greater than the decrease of \$195,459 for the year ended June 30, 2023. The contributing factor of the increase in net position was primarily due to changes and timing in State funding from the Kansas Board of Regents.

#### **Combined Statements of Net Position**

The Statement of Net Position is the University's balance sheet, presenting the financial position of the University at the end of the fiscal year. It includes all assets, liabilities, deferred outflows and inflows, and net position of the University. Net position is one indicator of the current financial condition of the University, while the change in net position is an indicator of whether the overall financial condition has improved or worsened during the year. Assets, liabilities and deferred outflows and inflows are generally measured using current values. The primary exception is capital assets, which are stated at historical cost, net of accumulated depreciation.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

A condensed comparison of the University's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and net position as of June 30, 2024, 2023 and 2022 is presented below.

#### Combined Statements of Net Position June 30, 2024, 2023, And 2022

	 2024	2023	2022
Assets:			
Current assets	\$ 89,559,338	\$ 86,576,353	\$ 76,093,603
Capital and right-of-use assets, net	156,854,976	153,272,574	146,602,064
Noncurrent assets	72,898,509	40,182,713	41,195,783
Total Assets	319,312,823	280,031,640	263,891,450
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities	51,691,810	18,671,158	14,529,945
Noncurrent liabilities	45,883,763	48,969,358	50,316,932
Total Liabilities	97,575,573	67,640,516	64,846,877
Deferred Inflows Of Resources	753,620	857,932	992,176
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	110,855,718	102,047,399	94,742,698
Restricted - nonexpendable	27,993,305	26,942,371	25,986,927
Restricted - expendable	15,255,680	15,386,541	16,918,584
Unrestricted	66,878,927	67,156,881	60,404,188
Total Net Position	\$ 220,983,630	\$ 211,533,192	\$ 198,052,397

#### Fiscal Year 2024 Compared to Fiscal Year 2023

#### Assets

Assets consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, accounts and taxes receivable, amounts due from the Washburn University Foundation, and capital assets.

Current assets totaled \$89.6 million at June 30, 2024, and consisted primarily of cash, short-term investments, and receivables. This represents an increase of \$3.0 million due primarily to an increase in cash and cash equivalents. Total current assets at June 30, 2024 cover current liabilities 1.73 times, an indicator of good liquidity. This is a decrease from the 4.6 times reported at June 30, 2023 due to \$32.4 million in unearned revenue related to grant proceeds received during the year ended June 30, 2024.

Capital and right-to-use assets, which represent the assets' historical cost net of accumulated depreciation, totaled \$156.9 million at June 30, 2024. This represents an increase of \$3.6 million, which is attributable to capitalized items exceeding depreciation and disposals.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Noncurrent assets totaled \$72.9 million and \$40.2 million at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and consisted primarily of restricted cash and amounts due from the Washburn University Foundation.

#### **Deferred Outflows of Resources**

GASB Statement No. 65 requires that the excess of the reacquisition price of new debt over the net carrying value of refunded debt be reported as a deferred outflow of resources. During the year ended June 30, 2014, the University issued \$9.655 million of bonds to refund the Series 2004 bonds. In connection with that transaction, the remaining deferred outflows relating to the Series 2004 bonds (\$589,000) were written off, while \$534,000 of deferred outflows was recorded relating to the Series 2014 bonds. The balance of \$256,000 as of June 30, 2020, was recognized in fiscal year 2021. There were no additions to deferred outflows of resources during the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022.

#### Liabilities

Significant liabilities include accounts payable and accrued liabilities, long-term bonded debt, capital lease obligations, compensated absences, and unearned revenue.

Current liabilities totaled \$51.7 million at June 30, 2024, and consisted primarily of accounts payable and accrued liabilities, unearned revenue, and the current portion of long-term debt. This reflects an increase of \$33.0 million that is due to \$32 million in unearned grant revenue and \$362,978 in unearned interest income accrued on these grant proceeds. This unearned grant revenue and interest income are restricted in use to this grant. Their use is dependent on signing an additional agreement with a third party which has not been completed through the date of this report. If this grant project is not completed, all unearned grant revenue and accrued interest income will be returned to the grantor agency.

Noncurrent liabilities totaled \$45.9 million at June 30, 2024, and consisted primarily of long-term debt obligations and unearned revenue. This reflects a decrease of \$3.1 million due to the scheduled amortization of bond and capital leases obligations.

#### Net Position

Net position is divided into three major categories. The first category, net investment in capital assets, provides the University's equity in capital assets - the property, plant and equipment owned by the University, net of the indebtedness relating to capital assets.

The next category is restricted net position, which is further divided into two categories, nonexpendable and expendable. The corpus of nonexpendable restricted resources (endowment funds) is only available for investment purposes.

Expendable restricted net position is subject to externally-imposed restrictions governing its use. This category of net position includes earnings from permanent endowment funds that can be reinvested to protect future purchasing power or spent, but only in accordance with restrictions imposed by donors and/or external parties that have placed time or purpose restrictions on the use of the assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Although unrestricted net position is not subject to externally imposed stipulations, a portion of the University's unrestricted net position has been designated or reserved for specific purposes such as repairs and replacement of equipment, capital projects, and Regents' contingency.

#### Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

#### Assets

Assets consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, accounts and taxes receivable, amounts due from the Washburn University Foundation, and capital assets.

Current assets totaled \$86.6 million at June 30, 2023, and consisted primarily of cash, short-term investments, and receivables. This represents an increase of \$10.5 million due primarily to an increase in cash and cash equivalents. Total current assets at June 30, 2023 cover current liabilities 4.6 times, an indicator of good liquidity.

Capital and right-to-use assets, which represent the assets' historical cost net of accumulated depreciation, totaled \$153.3 million at June 30, 2023. This represents an increase of \$6.7 million, which is attributable to capitalized items exceeding depreciation and disposals.

Noncurrent assets totaled \$40.2 million and \$41.2 million at June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and consisted primarily of restricted cash and amounts due from the Washburn University Foundation.

#### Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Changes in total net position presented on the Statements of Net Position result from the activity presented in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. The purpose of the statement is to present the revenues earned and the expenses incurred by the University, both operating and nonoperating, and any other revenues, expenses, gains and losses earned or incurred by the University. Under the accrual basis of accounting, all of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Generally speaking, operating revenues are received for providing goods and services to the students and various constituencies of the University. Operating expenses are those expenses incurred to acquire or produce the goods and services provided in return for the operating revenues, and to carry out the mission of the University. Nonoperating revenues are revenues earned for which goods and services are not provided. For example, the state operating grant and sales tax collections are nonoperating because they represent revenue provided to the University for which no goods or services are provided directly by the University to the state or Shawnee County.

One of the University's strengths is its diverse streams of revenue, which allow it greater flexibility to weather difficult economic times.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

A condensed comparison of the University's revenues, expenses, and changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023 and 2022 is presented below.

#### Combined Statements Of Revenues, Expenses, And Changes In Net Position For The Years Ended June 30, 2024, 2023, And 2022

	2024	2023	2022			
Operating revenues	\$ 42,426,332	\$ 40,912,164	\$	42,799,684		
Operating expenses	129,592,483	117,787,699		117,801,275		
Operating loss	(87,166,151)	(76, 875, 535)		(75,001,591)		
Nonoperating revenues	99,632,088	92,988,653		88,337,094		
Interest on capital asset-related debt	(1,422,433)	(1,402,670)		(1,471,280)		
Other nonoperating expenses	(1,933,839)	(1,650,310)		(5,432,906)		
Income before other revenues	9,109,665	13,060,138		6,431,317		
Other revenues	340,773	420,657		501,695		
Increase (decrease) in net position	9,450,438	13,480,795		6,933,012		
Net Position - Beginning of Year	211,533,192	198,052,397		191,119,385		
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 220,983,630	\$ 211,533,192	\$	198,052,397		

#### Fiscal Year 2024 Compared to Fiscal Year 2023

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position reflects an increase of \$9.5 million during the year ended June 30, 2024 compared to an increase of \$13.5 million during the year ended June 30, 2023. Highlights of the information provided in these statements is included below.

#### Revenues

Revenues, excluding capital grants and additions to permanent endowments, totaled \$142.1 million and \$133.9 million for the years ending June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The \$8.2 million increase is attributable to an increase in state and local appropriations of \$6.2 million, an increase of \$2.1 in investment income and an increase in operating revenues of \$1.5 million.

State and local appropriations comprised 44.8 percent of the University's revenue for the year ended June 30, 2024 compared to 42.8 percent for the year ended June 30, 2023. The next largest revenue source was net tuition and fees, comprising 22.5 percent of revenue for the year ended June 30, 2024, compared to 25.5 percent for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### **Expenses**

Expenses totaled \$133.9 million and \$120.8 million for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Instruction expenses accounted for 32.1 percent of total expenses by function for the year ended June 30, 2024 compared to 33.2 percent for the year ended June 30, 2023. The percentages for the remaining expenses by functional area range from 12.3 percent for Student Services to 0.1 percent for Research for the year ended June 30, 2024, compared to 11.7 percent and 0.1 percent for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Salaries and benefits comprised 66.2 percent of operating expenses by natural classification for the year ended June 30, 2024, compared to 66.4 percent for the year ended June 30, 2023. Other operating expenses represent 22.1 percent of total expenses for the year ended June 30, 2024, compared to 21.9 percent for the year ended June 30, 2023. Financial aid and depreciation accounted for the remaining 11.7 percent of expenses for the year ended June 30, 2024, compared to 11.7 percent for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position reflects an increase of \$13.5 million during the year ended June 30, 2023, compared to an increase of \$6.9 million during the year ended June 30, 2022. Highlights of the information provided in these statements is included below.

#### Revenues

Revenues, excluding capital grants and additions to permanent endowments, totaled \$133.9 million and \$131.2 million for the years ending June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The \$2.7 million increase is attributable primarily to an increase in investment income.

State and local appropriations comprised 42.9 percent of the University's revenue for the year ended June 30, 2023, compared to 42.8 percent for the year ended June 30, 2022. The next largest revenue source was net tuition and fees, comprising 23.4 percent of revenue for the year ended June 30, 2023, compared to 25.5 percent for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### **Expenses**

Expenses totaled \$120.8 million and \$124.7 million for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

Instruction expenses accounted for 33.2 percent of total expenses by function for the year ended June 30, 2023 compared to 30.9 percent for the year ended June 30, 2022. The percentages for the remaining expenses by functional area range from 11.7 percent for Student Services to 0.1 percent for Research for the year ended June 30, 2023, compared to 11.3 percent and 0.1 percent for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Salaries and benefits comprised 66.4 percent of operating expenses by natural classification for the year ended June 30, 2023, compared to 61.3 percent for the year ended June 30, 2022. Other operating expenses represent 21.9 percent of total expenses for the year ended June 30, 2023, compared to 23.1 percent for the year ended June 30, 2022. Financial aid and depreciation accounted for the remaining 11.7 percent of expenses for the year ended June 30, 2023, compared to 15.6 percent for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

#### **Statement of Cash Flows**

The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about cash receipts and cash payments during the year. This statement also assists users in assessing the University's ability to generate net cash flows, its ability to meet its obligations as they come due, and its need for external financing.

The Statement of Cash Flows is divided into five parts. The first part deals with operating cash flows and shows the net cash used by the operating activities of the University. The second section reflects cash flows from noncapital financing activities. This section reflects the cash received and spent for nonoperating, noninvesting, and noncapital financing purposes. The third section deals with cash flows from capital and related financing activities. This section reports the cash used in the acquisition, construction and financing of capital and related items. The fourth section reflects the cash flows from investing activities and shows the purchases, proceeds, and interest received from investing activities. The fifth section reconciles the net cash used by operating activities to the operating loss reflected on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

Even though GASB No. 35 treats the state operating grant, sales tax collections, gifts and investment income as nonoperating revenues, for higher education institutions, these cash inflows are critical to funding the operations of the University.

#### Condensed Combined Statements Of Cash Flows For The Years Ended June 30, 2024, 2023, And 2022

	2024			2023	2022	
Cash provided (used) by:						
Operating activities	\$	(42,768,179)	\$	(64,214,572)	\$	(57,536,029)
Noncapital financing activities		91,953,550		89,422,845		94,766,248
Capital and related financing activities		(20, 130, 162)		(19,036,887)		(32,388,840)
Investing activities		4,162,646		2,333,119		52,846
Change in Cash		33,217,855		8,504,505		4,894,225
Cash - Beginning of Year		79,906,170		71,401,665		66,507,440
Cash - End of Year	\$	113,124,025	\$	79,906,170	\$	71,401,665

#### Fiscal Year 2024 Compared to Fiscal Year 2023

Significant sources of cash included sales tax revenues, state appropriations, and tuition and fees. Significant uses of cash were for payments to suppliers and vendors, payments to employees (including benefits), payments for scholarships and fellowships, capital assets, and self-insurance claims paid.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The unrestricted cash position of the University increased by approximately \$1.7 million during the year ended June 30, 2024, compared to an increase of approximately \$8.5 million during the year ended June 30, 2023. This smaller increase in cash for the year ended June 30, 2024 is due to a decrease in accounts payable and increase in accounts receivable, both due to timing. The restricted cash position of the University increased by approximately \$31.5 million due to restricted grant revenue that was not spent prior to June 30, 2024.

#### Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Significant sources of cash included sales tax revenues, state appropriations, and tuition and fees. Significant uses of cash were for payments to suppliers and vendors, payments to employees (including benefits), payments for scholarships and fellowships, capital assets, and self-insurance claims paid.

The cash position of the University increased by approximately \$8.5 million during the year ended June 30, 2023, compared to an increase of approximately \$4.9 million during the year ended June 30, 2022. These changes are largely attributable to less cash used in capital and related financing activities.

#### Capital and Right-To-Use Assets and Debt Administration

#### Major Maintenance Funding/Deferred Maintenance

The University identifies, prioritizes and funds maintenance through a combination of sources such as the sales tax capital improvement fund, the debt retirement and construction fund, donor contributions, and general fund allocations. As a result of this process, the University actively manages its deferred maintenance issues.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

#### Capital and Right-To-Use Assets

At June 30, 2024, the University reported \$156.9 million invested in capital and right-to-use assets, net of accumulated depreciation, compared to \$153.3 million and \$146.6 million at June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Depreciation charges totaled \$12.4 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 compared to \$12.0 million and \$11.0 million for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Details of these assets are as follows:

#### Condensed Statements Of Capital Assets, Net Of Accumulated Depreciation As Of June 30, 2024, 2023, And 2022

		$\boldsymbol{2024}$		2023		2022
T 1	Ф	1 506 179	Ф	1 500 150	Ф	1 500 150
Land	\$	$1,\!596,\!172$	\$	$1,\!596,\!172$	\$	$1,\!596,\!172$
Buildings, improvements, and infrastructure		124,608,637		101,004,659		106,845,846
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment		6,319,382		5,867,801		5,682,095
Computers and electronic equipment		2,411,940		621,184		$1,\!325,\!211$
Books and collections		22,119		55,028		92,071
Broadcasting tower, antenna, and equipment		830,454		944,686		951,154
Vehicles		868,061		887,438		872,623
Works of art and historical treasures		5,465,294		5,465,294		5,148,794
Right-to-use asset - leases		168,875		249,935		330,995
Right-to-use asset - SBITA		2,931,379		2,964,790		
Construction in progress		11,632,663		33,615,587		23,757,103
Capital Assets, Net	\$	156,854,976	\$	153,272,574	\$	146,602,064

Strategic additions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, include the Recital Hall, Ross House, Mulvane Art Museum renovation, and the renovation to the Plass Building. These projects were still in process at June 30, 2024.

Strategic additions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, include the completion of the new School of Law building and renovations to the Village Apartments, White Concert Hall, and the Stoffer Science Laboratories.

Strategic additions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, included renovations to the Village Apartments, Mabee West Basement, and the Athletic Weight Room Flooring.

#### Debt

At June 30, 2024, the University had \$47.0 million in outstanding revenue bonds and lease and subscription liabilities compared to \$49.7 million and \$48.8 million at June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The decrease from 2022 to 2024 resulted from the April 2021 issuance of Series 2021A-1, A-2, and B Revenue Bonds and decrease resulting from principal payments.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The following table summarizes the University's outstanding debt amounts by type of debt instrument:

#### Outstanding Bond And Capital Lease Principal As Of June 30, 2024, 2023, And 2022

	2024	2023	2022
Bonds:			
Series 2015A	\$ 16,645,000	\$ 17,315,000	\$ 17,315,000
Series 2015B	4,440,000	4,795,000	4,795,000
Series 2018	7,725,000	8,150,000	8,555,000
Series 2021-A1	9,620,000	10,000,000	10,365,000
Series 2021-A2	3,640,000	3,675,000	3,675,000
Series 2021B	1,875,000	2,300,000	3,285,000
Total Bonds	43,945,000	46,235,000	47,990,000
Lease Liability	168,875	249,935	330,995
SBITA Liabilities	2,838,518	2,920,008	_
Direct Financing Leases	26,322	298,904	523,360
Total Outstanding Debt	\$ 46,978,715	\$ 49,703,847	\$ 48,844,355

On May 5, 2021, the University issued \$20,850,000 in Revenue Bonds, Series 2021A-1, A-2 and B ("Series 2021"), with interest rates of 2.00 percent to 4.00 percent. The Series 2021 bonds are due in annual principal payments ranging from \$35,000 to \$1,760,000, and mature between July 1, 2021 and July 1, 2042. Interest payments begin on July 1, 2021.

On July 19, 2019, the University entered into a capital lease agreement to fund computer equipment purchases. This will place the University on a five-year replacement/refresh cycle and keep desktop and laptop systems current, operational, and consistent across campus. The original amount of the four-year lease is \$1,292,460 with an interest rate of 2.60 percent. Annual principal and interest payments of \$271,929 are due July 19 each year, beginning in 2019 and ending in 2023. Title to the equipment is held by the University. This lease was paid off during the year ended June 30, 2024.

#### **Economic Outlook**

University management believes the University is well positioned to maintain its strong financial condition and to continue providing a quality education to its students and excellent service to its stakeholders. The University's financial position, as evidenced by its A1 stable rating from Moody's, provides a high degree of flexibility in obtaining funds on competitive terms. This flexibility, along with ongoing efforts toward revenue enhancements and cost containment, will enable the University to obtain the necessary resources to sustain excellence and to continue to execute its long-range plan to modernize and expand its complement of older facilities with a balance of new construction. This strategy addresses the University's growth and the expanding role of technology in teaching and research methodologies.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

#### State Appropriations

The University has experienced modest growth in state appropriations over time, but the growth has not kept pace with ever increasing operating costs. This experience has been shared by virtually every other public university in the nation. However, due to its diverse revenue streams the University has not been as severely impacted as most public institutions.

The University's fiscal 2025 budget anticipates modest growth when compared to fiscal year 2024. Due to ongoing uncertainty surrounding state funding, the University continues to explore and implement when appropriate strategic budget initiatives, investments, and program/revenue enhancements.

#### **Local Appropriations**

Sales and property tax (i.e., local appropriations) revenues are susceptible to fluctuations beyond the University's ability to control or, to some extent, anticipate. As a result, the University's practice has been to budget tax revenues conservatively. Over the last several years, tax revenues have remained relatively steady as a percentage of total revenues.

For fiscal year 2025, the University budgeted for sales tax revenue to be up \$197,000 or 0.7 percent.

#### **Tuition**

The University's Board of Regents approved a 3.85 percent tuition increase for fiscal year 2025 for Washburn University and 4.0% for Washburn Tech.

For Fall 2024, Washburn University experienced a 6.5 percent increase in total student headcount while Washburn Technical experienced a 13 percent increase in total student headcount. These increases were better than anticipated when developing the fiscal year 2025 budget.

Other than the foregoing, the University is not aware of any currently known facts, decisions, or conditions expected to have a significant effect on the financial position or results of operations during this fiscal year.

As management wrestles with today's uncertain economic and demographic factors, the University's prudent use of resources, strategic budgeting and investment initiatives, and enhancement of other revenue sources will strengthen the University and ensure it is well positioned to take advantage of future opportunities.

#### **Requests for Information**

This report is designed to provide the reader a general overview of the University's financial position. Questions or requests for more information concerning any of the information provided in it should be directed to Luther Lee, Vice President Administration and Treasurer, 1700 SW College Avenue, Topeka, Kansas 66621.

# STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION Page 1 Of 2

#### **Assets And Deferred Outflows Of Resources**

	June 30,			
		2024		2023
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	72,862,673	\$	71,185,035
Taxes receivable		5,313,681		5,158,546
Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$3,793,905 and				
\$3,602,373 in 2024 and 2023, respectively		8,459,094		7,755,607
Receivable from Washburn University Foundation		216,281		$228,\!544$
Federal and grants receivable		338,970		_
Other current receivables		421,742		300,000
Lease receivable		111,328		129,831
Inventories		692,235		740,367
Other assets		1,143,334		1,078,423
Total Current Assets		89,559,338		86,576,353
Noncurrent Assets:				
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		$40,\!261,\!352$		8,721,135
Perkins loans receivable		67,975		139,404
Receivable from Washburn University Foundation		31,487,111		30,193,414
Lease receivable		668,739		750,731
Endowment investments		413,332		378,029
Capital assets and right-of-use assets, net		156,854,976		153,272,574
Total Noncurrent Assets		229,753,485		193,455,287
Total Assets	\$	319,312,823	\$	280,031,640

# STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION Page 2 Of 2

#### **Liabilities And Net Position**

	June	e <b>30</b> ,
	2024	2023
Current Liabilities:	<u> </u>	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 8,308,119	\$ 10,268,632
Accrued compensated absences, current portion	$2,\!424,\!751$	2,044,694
Unearned revenue	37,213,457	2,358,167
Financed purchase obligations, current portion	9,823	274,861
Lease liability, current portion	81,060	81,060
SBITA Liability obligation, current portion	1,122,673	1,142,505
Building revenue bonds, current portion	2,345,000	2,290,000
Deposits held in custody for others	186,927	211,239
Total Current Liabilities	51,691,810	18,671,158
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Accrued compensated absences	277,143	366,840
Unearned revenue	1,257,386	1,508,864
Financed purchase obligations	16,499	24,043
Lease liability	87,815	168,875
SBITA Liability obligation	1,715,845	1,777,503
Building revenue bonds	42,529,075	45,123,233
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	45,883,763	48,969,358
Total Liabilities	97,575,573	67,640,516
Deferred Inflows Of Resources:		
Deferred inflows - leases	753,620	857,932
Total Deferred Inflows Of Resources	753,620	857,932
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	110,855,718	102,047,399
Restricted		,,
Nonexpendable		
Endowments	27,993,305	26,942,371
Expendable	, ,	
Scholarships	2,549,683	2,275,140
Loans	374,693	458,862
Self-funded insurance	5,191,948	6,532,743
Capital projects	131,000	142,634
Other	7,008,356	5,977,162
Unrestricted	66,878,927	67,156,881
Total Net Position	\$ 220,983,630	\$ 211,533,192

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION – WASHBURN UNIVERSITY FOUNDATION

#### Assets

	June 30,			
		2024		2023
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,246,386	\$	4,570,704
Investments		199,471,120		178,749,966
Bequests receivable		93,792		45,790
Pledges receivable		31,616,325		23,601,081
Accrued investment income receivable		50,858		40,237
Beneficial interests in trusts		9,281,249		9,080,026
Real estate, net		2,572,892		2,639,572
Equipment, net		117,751		70,798
Total Assets	\$	246,450,373	\$	218,798,174
Liabilities And Net Assets	Ф	457 759	Ф	460.960
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	457,753	\$	460,860
Due to Washburn University of Topeka		208,181		215,356
Charitable gift liabilities		284,765		323,139
Funds managed on behalf of Washburn University of Topeka		31,487,111		30,193,413
Funds managed on behalf of Washburn Law School Foundation		9,473,051		7,993,532
Total Liabilities		41,910,861		39,186,300
Net Assets:				
Without donor restrictions		15,994,736		14,966,888
With donor restrictions		188,544,776		164,644,986
Total Net Assets		204,539,512		179,611,874
		, , ,		, , ,
Total Liabilities And Net Assets	\$	246,450,373	\$	218,798,174

# STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION – WASHBURN LAW SCHOOL FOUNDATION

#### Assets

	June	e <b>30</b> ,	
	 2024		2023
Without donor restrictions	\$ 9,473,051	\$	7,993,532
Total Assets	\$ 9,473,051	\$	7,993,532
Net Assets			
Net Assets:			
Without donor restrictions	\$ 2,658,676	\$	2,929,738
With donor restrictions	6,814,375		5,063,794
Total Net Assets	\$ 9,473,051	\$	7,993,532

# STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION Page 1 Of 2

	For The Years Ended June 30,			
	2024		2023	
Operating Revenues:				
Tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances of \$28,011,755				
and \$21,985,568 in 2024 and 2023, respectively)	\$ 31,952,922	\$	31,272,146	
Federal grants and contracts	100,451		34,991	
Sales and services of educational departments	$2,\!323,\!615$		2,135,508	
Auxiliary enterprises				
Residential Living (net of scholarship allowances of \$782,517 and				
\$569,263 in 2024 and 2023, respectively; revenues are used as				
security for revenue bonds Series 2015A, 2015B, 2021A2 and 2021B)	3,923,565		3,490,568	
Memorial Union (revenues are used as security for revenue				
bonds Series 2021A2 and 2021B)	3,637,194		3,317,375	
Other operating revenues	488,585		661,576	
Total Operating Revenues	42,426,332		40,912,164	
Operating Expenses: Educational and general				
Instruction	42,726,286		40,050,291	
Research	166,093		142,139	
Public service	3,328,187		3,166,314	
Academic support	13,499,078		12,535,564	
Student services	16,351,818		14,163,121	
Institutional support	11,948,275		10,435,415	
Operation and maintenance of plant	11,903,001		10,165,964	
Depreciation and amortization	$12,\!370,\!064$		11,958,914	
Financial aid	2,731,529		1,819,192	
Auxiliary enterprises				
Residential Living	1,703,821		1,540,770	
Memorial Union	3,248,641		2,921,838	
Self-funded insurance claims, net of premiums	9,615,690		8,888,178	
Total Operating Expenses	129,592,483		117,787,699	
Operating Loss	(87,166,151)		(76,875,535)	

# STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION Page 2 Of 2

Ended June 30, 2024 2023 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): 28,914,485 23,721,526 State appropriations Local appropriations 34,681,489 33,714,159 13,846,701 11,535,043 Federal grants and contracts State and local grants and contracts 1,491,956 637,298 Nongovernmental grants and contracts 34,959 25,500 Gifts 15,166,484 20,007,406 5,496,014 Investment income 3,347,721 Interest on indebtedness (1,422,433)(1,402,670)Other nonoperating expenses (1,933,839)(1,650,310)96,275,816 89,935,673 **Net Nonoperating Revenues Income Before Other Revenues** 9,109,665 13,060,138 **Capital Grants And Gifts** 251,478 251,478 **Additions To Permanent Endowments** 89,295 169,179 **Change In Net Position** 9,450,438 13,480,795 Net Position - Beginning Of Year 211,533,192 198,052,397 Net Position - End Of Year 220,983,630 211,533,192

For The Years

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES – WASHBURN UNIVERSITY FOUNDATION For The Year Ended June 30, 2024 Discretely Presented Component Unit

	Without Donor estrictions	Re	With Donor estrictions	Total
Support And Revenue:				
Support:				
Contributions	\$ 4,101,270	\$	22,598,687	\$ 26,699,957
Change in beneficial interest and other	_		992,714	992,714
Total support	4,101,270		23,591,401	27,692,671
Revenue:				
Investment return, net	2,628,398		12,618,541	15,246,939
Administration	697,641		_	697,641
Events	134,100		35,090	169,190
Other	183,200		97,072	280,272
Total revenue	3,643,339		12,750,703	16,394,042
Net assets released from restrictions	12,644,385		(12,644,385)	
Total Support And Revenue	20,388,994		23,697,719	44,086,713
Expenses:				
Program services	14,527,080		_	14,527,080
Management and general	1,868,748		_	1,868,748
Fundraising	2,763,247		_	2,763,247
Total Expenses	19,159,075		_	19,159,075
(Deficit) Of Support And Revenue (Under) Expenses Other Fund Transfers, Net	1,229,919 (202,071)		23,697,719 202,071	24,927,638 —
Change In Net Assets	1,027,848		23,899,790	24,927,638
Net Assets, Beginning Of Year	14,966,888		164,644,986	179,611,874
Net Assets, End Of Year	\$ 15,994,736	\$	188,544,776	\$ 204,539,512

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES – WASHBURN LAW SCHOOL FOUNDATION For The Year Ended June 30, 2024 Discretely Presented Component Unit

	Ι	Tithout Donor trictions	_	With Donor trictions		Total
Support And Revenues:	nes	trictions	nes	trictions		Total
Contributions	\$	27.092	\$	940,513	\$	967,605
Investment return, net	ψ	289,674	Ψ	632,800	ψ	922,474
Nongift and other income		203,014		10,000		10,000
Net assets released from restriction		335,732		(335,732)		
Total Support And Revenues (Loss)		652,498		1,247,581		1,900,079
Expenses:						
Program services		258,915		_		258,915
Management and general		161,645				161,645
Total Expenses		$420,\!560$		_		420,560
(Deficit) Of Support And Revenue (Under) Expenses		231,938		1,247,581		1,479,519
Other Fund Transfers, Net		(503,000)		503,000		
Change In Net Assets		(271,062)		1,750,581		1,479,519
Net Assets, Beginning Of Year		2,929,738		5,063,794		7,993,532
Net Assets, End Of Year	\$	2,658,676	\$	6,814,375	\$	9,473,051

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES – WASHBURN UNIVERSITY FOUNDATION For The Year Ended June 30, 2023 Discretely Presented Component Unit

	 hout Donor	Re	With Donor estrictions	Total
Support And Revenue:				
Support:				
Contributions	\$ 3,222,017	\$	12,041,465	\$ 15,263,482
Change in beneficial interest and other	_		830,012	830,012
Total support	3,222,017		12,871,477	16,093,494
Revenue:				
Investment return, net	1,491,455		10,339,885	11,831,340
Administration	709,916		_	709,916
Events	13,621		32,360	45,981
Other	377,857		227,119	604,976
Total revenue	2,592,849		10,599,364	13,192,213
Net assets released from restrictions	18,428,439		(18,428,439)	
Total Support And Revenue	24,243,305		5,042,402	29,285,707
Expenses:				
Program services	19,569,626			19,569,626
Management and general	1,706,089		_	1,706,089
Fundraising	2,754,139			2,754,139
Total Expenses	24,029,854		_	24,029,854
(Deficit) Of Support And Revenue (Under) Expenses	213,451		5,042,402	5,255,853
Other Fund Transfers, Net	(46,779)		46,779	ə,2əə,cəə —
Change In Net Assets	166,672		5,089,181	5,255,853
<u> </u>	,			
Net Assets, Beginning Of Year	14,800,216		159,555,805	174,356,021
Net Assets, End Of Year	\$ 14,966,888	\$	164,644,986	\$ 179,611,874

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES – WASHBURN LAW SCHOOL FOUNDATION For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Support And Revenues:			
Contributions	\$ 42,335	\$ 57,242	\$ 99,577
Investment return, net	244,153	498,786	742,939
Nongift and other income	<u> </u>	(25,000)	(25,000)
Net assets released from restriction	296,870	(296,870)	<u> </u>
Total Support And Revenues (Loss)	583,358	234,158	817,516
Expenses:			
Program services	158,108	_	158,108
Management and general	154,388	_	154,388
Total Expenses	312,496	_	312,496
Change In Net Assets	267,862	237,158	505,020
Net Assets, Beginning Of Year	2,661,876	4,826,636	7,488,512
Net Assets, End Of Year	\$ 2,929,738	\$ 5,063,794	\$ 7,993,532

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Page 1 Of 2

	For The Years			
	Ended June 30,			
Cook Flows From Operating Activities		2024	2023	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:	ф	00 000 00° A	00 055 156	
Tuition and fees	\$	33,209,995 \$	30,077,176	
Grants and contracts		35,104,978	34,991	
Auxiliary enterprise charges		0.004 #0#	0.400 500	
Residential Living		3,894,585	3,490,568	
Memorial Union		1,820,994	3,746,462	
Sales and services of educational departments		2,368,456	2,131,595	
Collection of loans issued to students		71,431	232,122	
Other receipts and disbursements		(394,371)	291,404	
Self-insurance premium		1,296,069	$1,\!535,\!519$	
Payments to suppliers		(30, 342, 575)	(24, 159, 963)	
Payments to employees		(76, 154, 453)	(69,351,558)	
Payments for scholarships and fellowships		(2,731,529)	(1,819,192)	
Payments for self-insurance claims and administrative fees		(10,911,759)	(10,423,697)	
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities		(42,768,179)	(64,214,572)	
Cash Flows Provided By Investing Activities:				
Investment income		4,162,646	2,333,119	
investment income		4,102,040	2,000,110	
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities:				
State appropriations		28,914,485	23,721,526	
Local appropriations		34,681,489	33,714,159	
Gifts and grants for other than capital purposes		30,291,415	33,637,470	
Federal Family Education loan receipts		23,089,772	24,622,187	
Federal Family Education loan disbursements		(23,089,772)	(24,622,187)	
Other payments		(1,933,839)	(1,650,310)	
Net Cash Provided By Noncapital Financing Activities		91,953,550	89,422,845	
Net Cash I Tovided by Noncapital Financing Activities		31,333,330	05,422,045	
Cash Flows From Capital And Related Financing Activities				
Interest received from operating leases		16,631	19,000	
Rents received from operating leases		100,495	127,653	
Purchase of capital assets		(14,870,859)	(14,410,335)	
Gifts and grants for capital purposes		251,478	251,478	
Principal paid on leases and subscriptions		(1,666,316)	(1,608,110)	
Principal paid on long-term debt		(2,539,158)	(2,013,903)	
Interest paid on long-term debt		(1,422,433)	(1,402,670)	
Net Cash Used In Capital And Related Financing Activities		(20,130,162)	(19,036,887)	
		22 24 # 25 #	0.504.505	
Change In Cash And Cash Equivalents		33,217,855	8,504,505	
Cash And Cash Equivalents - Beginning Of Year		79,906,170	71,401,665	
Cash And Cash Equivalents - End Of Year	\$	113,124,025 \$	79,906,170	

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Page 2 Of 2

	For The Years Ended June 30,		
		2024	2023
Reconciliation Of Operating Loss To Net Cash			
Used In Operating Activities			
Operating loss	\$	(87,166,151) \$	(76,875,535)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used			
in operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization		12,370,064	11,958,914
Loss on disposal of fixed assets		149,575	28,504
Changes in assets and liabilities:			·
Receivables, net		(981,354)	(1,812,762)
Inventories		48,132	(38,487)
Other assets		(64,911)	233,864
Perkins loans receivable		71,431	232,122
Accounts payable		(1,960,513)	1,424,824
Unearned revenue		34,603,812	596,642
Deposits		(24,312)	(51,973)
Deferred inflow from operating lease		(104,312)	(134,244)
Compensated absences		290,360	223,559
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities	\$	(42,768,179) \$	(64,214,572)
Noncash Investing And Financing Transactions Right-of-use-assets obtained through leases and subscriptions	\$	1,231,183 \$	704,750

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024 And 2023

# 1. Organization And Summary Of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Washburn University of Topeka (the University) conform to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles applicable to public institutions engaged only in business-type activities, as adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

#### Reporting Entity

The University is a municipal university governed by an appointed nine-member Board of Regents. The Board of Regents is comprised of the mayor of Topeka, three members appointed by the mayor, one member appointed by the Shawnee County Commission, three members appointed by the governor of Kansas, and one member appointed by the Kansas Board of Regents. The mayor of Topeka and the regent appointed by the Kansas Board of Regents serve as long as they are in their respective positions. All other regents are appointed for four-year terms.

Washburn Institute of Technology (Washburn Tech) is a technical school providing vocational and technical education to both high school students and post-secondary students. Students may participate in programs ranging from single courses to certificate programs to associate degree programs. The associate degree programs allow students to take general education courses from the University to complete the non-technical requirements of the degree.

#### **Component Units**

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units, GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus, an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34; and GASB Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14, the University has identified three component units to be included in the accompanying financial statements. Because the University's Board of Regents is also the governing body of Washburn Tech, and because the University's management has operational responsibility for Washburn Tech, the financial statements present the University and Washburn Tech as a blended entity. The University's discretely presented component units are reported in separate basic financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the University. References in these financial statements and notes to "the University" refer to the blended entity unless otherwise noted.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

#### **Discretely-Presented Component Units**

The University's discretely-presented component units, Washburn University Foundation (the Foundation) and Washburn Law School Foundation (the Law Foundation), receive funds primarily through donations and contribute funds to the University to support various programs. The economic resources received or held by the foundations are almost entirely for the direct benefit of the University. Further, the University is entitled to a majority of such economic resources, and such economic resources are significant to the University.

Washburn University Foundation is a Kansas not-for-profit organization created to assist in the promotion, development and enhancement of the financial resources for Washburn University of Topeka, as well as to receive and hold in trust any assets given for the benefit of the University. The Foundation manages primarily endowment or trust funds, the income from which is used for the benefit of the University. The Foundation is responsible for the fundraising activities of the University.

Washburn Law School Foundation is a Kansas not-for-profit organization created to promote, maintain, improve and support the School of Law of Washburn University of Topeka, as well as to provide scholarships to students attending the law school.

The financial statements of the Foundation and Law Foundation follow Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards. Certain FASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the foundations' financial information included in the University's financial statements for these differences. Complete audited financial statements for these component units may be obtained at their administrative offices at 1729 SW MacVicar Avenue, Topeka, KS 66604.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis Of Accounting, And Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or a benefit has been received, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. All significant intra-University transactions have been eliminated.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

The University distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from exchange transactions, such as payments received for providing goods and services and payments made for goods and services received. The University's primary operating revenues include student tuition and fees, sales and services of auxiliary enterprises, and sales and services of educational departments. Almost all of the University's expenses result from exchange transactions. Operating expenses include the costs of providing education and auxiliary services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets.

Certain significant revenues relied upon for operations, such as sales and property taxes (included in local appropriations), state appropriations, most grants and other contributions, do not result from exchange transactions, and are recorded as nonoperating revenues. The primary nonoperating expense is interest on indebtedness. Other significant nonoperating expenses are uncapitalized capital asset expenditures and bond issuance costs.

On an accrual basis, sales tax revenue is recognized at the time of the underlying transaction. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the period which the levy is intended to finance. Revenue from grants, state appropriations, and other contributions is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, where the University must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, where the resources are provided to the University on a reimbursement basis.

#### Cash And Cash Equivalents

The University considers all highly liquid investment instruments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents which are restricted by external entities for capital expenditures, health insurance claims, or debt service are reported as restricted cash.

#### Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded net of an allowance for estimated uncollectible amounts. Receivables are charged off against the allowance when deemed uncollectible. Recoveries of receivables previously charged off are recorded as revenue when received.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are recorded at the lower of cost, using the first-in, first-out method, or market.

#### **Investments**

Investments, with the exception of certificates of deposit, are recorded at fair value based on quoted market prices and are Level 1 investments under the fair value hierarchy. Certificates of deposit are recorded at cost because they are not affected by market rate changes if held to maturity.

#### **Bond Issuance Costs**

Bond issuance costs are generally expensed when incurred, as they represent an outflow of resources.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, other than right-to-use intangible assets recorded through leases or subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs), include land, buildings, furniture, equipment, vehicles, books and collections, works of art, and construction in progress. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$100,000 for buildings, improvements and infrastructure, and \$5,000 for all other assets, and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Major additions and improvements are capitalized. When assets are sold, the gain or loss on the sale is recorded as nonoperating gains or losses.

The University's capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the capital assets. Certain works of art and historical treasures, which are deemed to be inexhaustible, are assets whose economic lives are used up so slowly their useful lives are extraordinarily long and are not depreciated. The estimated useful lives are:

Buildings, improvements and infrastructure	3 - 60 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3 - 25 years
Computers and electronic equipment	3 - 7 years
Books and collections	5 - 7 years
Broadcasting tower, antenna and equipment	5 - 40 years
Vehicles	3 - 15 years

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Equipment purchased with grant proceeds, for which the granting agency has a reversionary interest, is capitalized. These assets must be used for the purpose set forth in the grant agreement between the University and the granting agency.

The University's works of art and historical treasures that meet the following criteria have not been capitalized and, therefore, are not recorded:

- The collection is held for public exhibition, education or research in furtherance of public service, rather than financial gain.
- The collection is kept protected, kept unencumbered, cared for and preserved.
- The collection is subject to an organizational policy that requires the proceeds from the sales of collection items to be used to acquire other items for the collection.

#### Leasing Arrangements

For arrangement in which the University is the lessor, a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources is recognized at the commencement of the lease term. The lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. The deferred inflows of resources should be measured at the value of the lease receivable plus any payments received at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods.

For arrangements where the University is a lessee, a lease liability and a right-to-use (RTU) intangible asset are recognized at the commencement of the lease term. RTU assets represent the University's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent the University's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. RTU assets and lease liabilities are recognized at the lease commencement date based on the estimated present value of lease payments over the lease term.

The University used the average interest rate from the most recent bond issuance to calculate the present value of lease payments when the rate implicit in the lease is not known. The University includes lease extension and termination options in the lease term if, after considering relevant economic factors, it is reasonably certain the University will exercise the option. The University has elected to combine lease and non-lease components for all lease contracts and also has not recognized RTU assets and lease liabilities for leases with terms for 12 months or less.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs)

A SBITA is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another party's (a SBITA vendor's) information technology (IT) software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets (the underlying IT assets), as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction.

The University recognizes a RTU subscription asset, an intangible asset, and a corresponding subscription liability. The subscription liability should be initially measured at the present value of subscription payments expected to be made during the subscription term.

The subscription asset should be initially measured as the sum of (1) the initial subscription liability amount, (2) payments made to the SBITA vendor before commencement of the subscription term, and (3) capitalizable implementation costs, less any incentives received from the SBITA vendor at or before the commencement of the subscription term.

The subscription is amortized over the term of the subscription contract. The subscription contracts do not contain variable lease costs that are material.

#### **Unearned Revenue**

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2024, consists of unearned grant revenue of \$35,036,792, unearned student fees of \$1,504,844, and deferred capital gifts of \$1,929,207. Unearned revenue at June 30, 2023, consists of unearned student fees of \$1,349,816 and deferred capital gifts of \$2,517,215.

#### **Compensated Absences**

The University provides paid vacation and sick leave to employees on an annual basis. The provision for and accumulation of vacation and sick leave is based upon employment classification. Employees are paid for accumulated vacation leave when employment is terminated. Employees are not paid for accumulated sick leave upon termination.

#### **Net Position**

The University's net position is classified as follows:

#### Net Investment in Capital Assets

This represents the University's total investment in capital, lease and subscription assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, net of related liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## Restricted Net Position - Nonexpendable

This represents gifts that have been received for endowment purposes, the corpus of which cannot be expended.

## Restricted Net Position - Expendable

This includes resources the University is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the University's policy to use restricted first, and then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

#### Unrestricted Net Position

This includes resources derived from student tuition and fees, state and local appropriations, sales and services of educational departments, and auxiliary enterprises. These resources are used for transactions relating to the educational and general operations of the University and may be used at the discretion of the Board of Regents to meet current expenses for any purpose.

## **Property Taxes**

The lien date for property taxes is January 1. Property taxes are levied on November 1. Property owners have the option of paying one-half or the full amount of the taxes levied on or before December 20 during the year levied with the balance to be paid on or before May 10 of the ensuing year. Property taxes become delinquent on December 20 of each fiscal year if the taxpayer has not remitted at least one-half of the amount due. Billing and collection is done by Shawnee County. Assessed values are established by the Shawnee County appraiser's office.

#### Tax Abatements

Tax abatement agreements entered into by Shawnee County have an immaterial impact on the University. There are no other tax abatements that impact the University.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

#### **Tuition Discounts And Allowances:**

Student tuition and fee revenues, and certain other revenues from students, are reported net of discounts and allowances. Discounts and allowances are the difference between the stated charge for goods and services provided by the University and the amount that is payable by students. Certain grants, including federal, state or nongovernmental programs, are recorded as either operating or nonoperating revenues, while Pell grants are recorded as nonoperating revenues in the University's financial statements. To the extent that revenues from such programs are used to satisfy tuition and fees and other student charges, the University has recorded a discount and allowance. Financial aid expense represents payments made to students.

#### **Income Taxes**

The University is a municipal entity and is not subject to income taxes. However, income from certain activities not directly related to the University's tax-exempt purpose is subject to taxation as unrelated business income.

## Fair Value Reporting

The University categorizes its fair value measurements applicable for reporting its investments within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs, and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

#### **Use Of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 2. Budgetary Information

Kansas statutes require an annual operating budget be legally adopted for the general fund, certain restricted funds and debt service funds (unless specifically exempted by statute). The statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:

- 1. Preparation of the budget for the succeeding year on or before August 1.
- 2. Publication in local newspaper on or before August 5 of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget.
- 3. Public hearing on or before August 15, but at least 10 days after publication of notice of hearing.
- 4. Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25.

The statutes allow for the governing body to increase the originally adopted budget for previously unbudgeted increases in revenue other than ad valorem property taxes. To do this, a notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least 10 days after publication, the hearing may be held and the governing body may amend the budget at that time.

The statutes permit transferring budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund. However, such statutes prohibit expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. Budget comparison statements are presented for each budgeted fund showing actual receipts and expenditures compared to legally budgeted receipts and expenditures.

Spending in funds which are not subject to the legal annual operating budget requirement is controlled by federal regulations, other statutes, or by the use of internal spending limits established by the governing body.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

#### 3. Cash And Investments

The University maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds.

#### Cash

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the University's cash and cash equivalents consisted of the following:

	 2024	2023
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 72,862,673	\$ 71,185,035
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	40,261,352	8,721,135
	\$ 113,124,025	\$ 79,906,170

Restricted cash and cash equivalents represent amounts which are restricted by statute or contractually for use in capital projects, for payment of self-funded health insurance claims, for debt service.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, an entity's deposits may not be returned to it. The University's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

During the year ended June 30, 2024, the University received funding for a grant, whose final agreements have not yet been signed as of the date of this report. The grant proceeds totaled \$32 million, and accrued interest income less account fees totaled \$364,158 for the year ended June 30, 2024. If the final agreement on this grant is not signed, this project will not move forward and all grant funding and accrued net interest income will be returned to the grantor.

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance; bonds and other obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies or instrumentalities or the State of Kansas; bonds of any city, county, school district or special road district of the State of Kansas; bonds of any state; or a surety bond having an aggregate value at least equal to the amount of the deposits.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the University's cash and cash equivalents were held in the following institutions:

	2024	2023
Deposits at financial institutions Deposits in State of Kansas	\$ 60,060,007 \$	30,357,319
Municipal Investment Pool	53,064,018	49,548,851
	<b>\$ 113,124,025 \$</b>	79,906,170

The University had no bank balances exposed to custodial credit risk at June 30, 2024 or 2023.

The University maintains deposits with the State of Kansas Municipal Investment Pool (KMIP) throughout the year. Deposits in the amount of \$53,064,018 and \$49,548,851 measured at net asset value, which approximates fair value, at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, were held in the KMIP Overnight Municipal Investment Pool (OMIP). To take advantage of higher interest rates, during the year ended June 30, 2024, \$40 million of OMIP funds were transferred to four equal 30-day pool funds held at KMIP. The balance of principal and accrued interest income at June 30, 2024 was \$40,121,742. Deposits in the OMIP are invested nightly by the KMIP in a transaction similar to a repurchase agreement with a bank. Investments in the 30-day pool funds may be invested in cash and cash investments with terms of between 1 and 30 days.

The University does not have securities specifically listed in its name as part of its participation in the OMIP and 30-day pool funds. Money can be withdrawn without penalty daily from the OMIP, while investments in the 30-day pool can be withdrawn without penalty daily after the original 30-day term. Investments withdrawn before the 30-day maturity would be subject to a penalty of no more than 30-days interest in that specific pool and decreases as the maturity date nears. The OMIP is included within the Kansas Pooled Money Investment Portfolio. The pool is managed and overseen by the Pooled Money Investment Board of the State of Kansas.

#### **Investments**

The University may legally invest in direct obligations of and other obligations guaranteed as to principal by the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies and instrumentalities and in bank repurchase agreements and in mutual funds. It may also invest to a limited extent in corporate bonds and equity securities.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Endowment investments reported by the University at June 30, 2024 and 2023 consisted of the following:

	 2024	2023
Mutual funds, carried at fair value		_
(cost of \$338,132 and \$338,532 for 2024		
and 2023, respectively)	\$ 413,332	\$ 378,029

The University currently does not maintain a formal investment policy that addresses interest rate, concentration or credit risks. However, management believes the University has complied with the State of Kansas' statutes and regulations regarding investment activity.

Interest rate risk is the risk that the University's investments will decrease as a result of an increase in interest rates. The University's money market and mutual funds can be withdrawn without penalty, and the U.S. government issues mature in less than a year.

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At June 30, 2024, the University had mutual funds that are unrated.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The University is not exposed to concentration risk at June 30, 2024.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The University had no investments exposed to custodial credit risk at June 30, 2024.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

# 4. Receivables From And Assets Held By Washburn University Foundation

Receivables from the Foundation consist of the University's participation in the investments managed by the Foundation. As the University does not have title to these investments and their participation is not evidenced by a security agreement that can be exchanged or sold in an open market, its share of the Foundation's investments is recorded as a receivable from the Foundation. Receivables from the Foundation consisted of the following items held by the Foundation as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	2024			2023	
Contributions for scholarships and other activities	\$	1,266,682	\$	1,327,623	
Held pledges receivable		1,273		1,263	
Restricted endowment income		2,049,576		2,059,719	
Unreimbursed costs due to the University - Current		216,281		$228,\!544$	
University endowment funds managed by the Foundation (see activity below)		28,169,580		26,804,809	
	\$	31,703,392	\$	30,421,958	

Receivables from the Foundation are presented in the statements of net position as follows:

	2024	2023		
Current receivable from Washburn University Foundation	\$ 216,281 <b>\$</b>	228,544		
Noncurrent receivable from Washburn University Foundation	31,487,111	30,193,414		
·	\$ 31,703,392	30,421,958		

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

The University has transferred to the Washburn University Foundation certain assets of the endowment fund for management purposes only, under terms of an agreement executed by the University and the Foundation. The activity of these assets at June 30, 2024 and 2023 and for the years then ended is as follows:

	2024	2023
Beginning principal transferred	<b>\$ 23,364,866</b> \$	3 23,364,866
Post-transfer additions, net	5,982,782	5,970,186
Earnings added to corpus	120,530	129,693
Gifts received	245,138	159,276
End of year, at cost	29,713,316	29,624,021
Cumulative net unrealized (losses)	(1,543,736)	(2,819,212)
End of year, at fair value	<b>\$ 28,169,580 \$</b>	3 26,804,809

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 5. Capital And Right-Of-Use Assets

The following is a summary of capital assets for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023:

			2024		
	Balance - July 1, 2023	Additions	Retirements	Construction In Progress Placed In Service	Balance - June 30, 2024
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 1,596,172	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,596,172
Works of art and historical treasures Construction in progress	5,465,294 33,615,587	— 12,401,130	_ _	(34,384,054)	5,465,294 11,632,663
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	40,677,053	12,401,130		(34,384,054)	18,694,129
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings, improvements and infrastructure	232,456,847	32,181,104	_	_	264,637,951
Furniture, fixtures and equipment Computers and electronic	38,359,699	1,907,776	(470,224)	_	39,797,251
equipment Books and collections Broadcasting tower, antenna	23,334,372 21,366,681	2,579,381 —	(60,984)		25,852,769 21,366,681
and equipment Vehicles	8,475,446 2,538,476	— 185,522	(11,397) (46,668)	_ _	8,464,049 2,677,330
Total capital assets, being depreciated	326,531,521	36,853,783	(589,273)		362,796,031
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings, improvements					
and infrastructure Furniture, fixtures and equipment Computers and electronic	(131,452,188) (32,491,898)	(8,577,126) (1,316,068)	330,097	_	(140,029,314) (33,477,869)
equipment Books and collections Broadcasting tower, antenna	(22,713,188) (21,311,653)	(788,625) (32,909)	60,984	_	(23,440,829) (21,344,562)
and equipment Vehicles	(7,530,760) (1,651,038)	(114,232) (195,451)	11,397 37,220	_	(7,633,595) (1,809,269)
Total accumulated depreciation	(217,150,725)	(11,024,411)	439,698	_	(227,735,438)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	109,380,796	25,829,372	(149,575)		135,060,593
Right to use assets - leases Building and improvements Less accumulated amortization	405,300	_	_	_	405,300
Building and improvements  Total right to use assets - leases, net	(155,365) 249,935	(81,060) (81,060)			(236,425) 168,875
RTU assets - SBITA Less accumulated amortization	4,206,728 (1,241,938)	1,231,183 (1,264,594)	_	_	5,437,911 (2,506,532)
Total RTU assets - SBITA, net	2,964,790	(33,411)	_	_	2,931,379
Total capital assets	\$ 153,272,574	\$ 38,116,031	\$ (149,575)	\$ (34,384,054)	\$ 156,854,976

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

			2023		
	Balance - July 1, 2022	Additions	Retirements	Construction In Progress Placed In Service	Balance - June 30, 2023
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land Works of art and historical	\$ 1,596,172	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,596,172
treasures	5,148,794	316,500	_	_	5,465,294
Construction in progress	23,757,103	11,206,311		(1,347,827)	33,615,587
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	30,502,069	11,522,811	_	(1,347,827)	40,677,053
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings, improvements					
and infrastructure	230,422,366	2,034,481	_	_	232,456,847
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	36,850,971	1,668,938	(160,210)	_	38,359,699
Computers and electronic	, ,		, , ,		, ,
equipment	23,171,476	247,492	(84,596)	_	23,334,372
Books and collections	21,366,681	_		_	21,366,681
Broadcasting tower, antenna					
and equipment	8,333,333	142,113	_	_	8,475,446
Vehicles	2,354,612	189,839	(5,975)	_	2,538,476
Total capital assets,					
being depreciated	322,499,439	4,282,863	(250,781)		326,531,521
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings, improvements					
and infrastructure	(123,576,520)		_	_	(131,452,188)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(31,168,876)	(1,448,081)	125,059	_	(32,491,898)
Computers and electronic					
equipment	(21,846,265)		84,596	_	(22,713,188)
Books and collections	(21,274,610)	(37,043)	_	_	(21,311,653)
Broadcasting tower, antenna					
and equipment	(7,382,179)		_	_	(7,530,760)
Vehicles	(1,481,989)		5,975		(1,651,038)
Total accumulated depreciation	(206,730,439)	(10,635,916)	215,630	_	(217,150,725)
Total capital assets being		/	()		
depreciated, net	115,769,000	(6,353,053)	(35,151)		109,380,796
RTU assets - leases					
Building and improvements	405,300	_	_	_	405,300
Less accumulated amortization					
Building and improvements	(74,305)	(81,060)	_	_	(155, 365)
Total RTU assets - leases, net	330,995	(81,060)			249,935
RTU assets - SBITA	3,501,978	704,750	_	_	4,206,728
Less accumulated amortization		(1,241,938)	_	_	(1,241,938)
Total RTU assets - SBITA, net	3,501,978	(537,188)	_	_	2,964,790
Total capital assets	\$ 150,104,042	\$ 4,551,510	\$ (35,151)	\$ (1,347,827)	\$ 153,272,574

The University had approximately \$18,509,978 and \$12,882,481 at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, in commitments for building construction and other contracts.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 6. Noncurrent Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in noncurrent liabilities for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023:

		Balance July 1, 2023	,	Additions	R	eductions		Balance June 30, 2024	Current Portion	N	oncurrent Portion
Bonds, leases and subscription liabilities:	_	2023	F	Additions	К	eductions		2024	rortion		rortion
Building revenue bonds	\$	46,235,000	\$	_	\$	2,290,000	\$	43,945,000	\$ 2,345,000	\$	41,600,000
Financed purchase obligations		298,904		2,279	·	274,861	,	26,322	9,823	•	16,499
Subscription liability		2,920,008		1,231,183		1,312,673		2,838,518	1,122,673		1,715,845
Lease liability		249,935		_		81,060		168,875	81,060		87,815
Total bonds, leases, and subscription											
liabilities		49,703,847		1,233,462		3,958,594		46,978,715	3,558,556		43,420,159
Other noncurrent liabilities:											
Unamortized bond premium		1,178,233		_		249,158		929,075	_		929,075
Compensated absences		2,411,534		290,360		_		2,701,894	2,424,751		277,143
Unearned revenue		3,867,031		36,961,979		2,358,167		38,470,843	37,213,457		1,257,386
Total other noncurrent liabilities		7,456,797		37,252,339		2,607,325		42,101,812	39,638,208		2,463,604
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	57,160,644	\$	38,485,801	\$	6,565,919	\$	89,080,527	\$ 43,196,764	\$	45,883,763
		Balance July 1, 2022						Balance June 30,	Current	N	loncurrent
		July 1,	A	Additions	R	teductions			Current Portion	N	Ioncurrent Portion
Bonds, leases and subscription liabilities: Building revenue bonds Financed purchase obligations Subscription liability		July 1, 2022 Restated 47,990,000 523,360	\$	40,867	<b>R</b> \$	1,755,000 265,323	\$	June 30, 2023 46,235,000 298,904	\$ Portion  2,290,000 274,861	<b>N</b>	Portion 43,945,000 24,043
Building revenue bonds		July 1, 2022 Restated 47,990,000		_	<b>R</b> \$	1,755,000	\$	June 30, 2023 46,235,000	\$ Portion 2,290,000		Portion 43,945,000
Building revenue bonds Financed purchase obligations Subscription liability Lease liability Total bonds, leases, and subscription		July 1, 2022 Restated 47,990,000 523,360 3,476,985 330,995		40,867 704,750	\$	1,755,000 265,323 1,261,727 81,060	\$	June 30, 2023 46,235,000 298,904 2,920,008 249,935	\$ 2,290,000 274,861 1,142,505 81,060		Portion  43,945,000 24,043 1,777,503 168,875
Building revenue bonds Financed purchase obligations Subscription liability Lease liability  Total bonds, leases, and subscription liabilities		July 1, 2022 Restated 47,990,000 523,360 3,476,985		40,867	\$	1,755,000 265,323 1,261,727	\$	June 30, 2023 46,235,000 298,904 2,920,008	\$ 2,290,000 274,861 1,142,505		Portion 43,945,000 24,043 1,777,503
Building revenue bonds Financed purchase obligations Subscription liability Lease liability  Total bonds, leases, and subscription liabilities  Other noncurrent liabilities:		July 1, 2022 Restated 47,990,000 523,360 3,476,985 330,995 52,321,340		40,867 704,750	<b>R</b>	1,755,000 265,323 1,261,727 81,060 3,363,110	\$	June 30, 2023 46,235,000 298,904 2,920,008 249,935 49,703,847	\$ 2,290,000 274,861 1,142,505 81,060		43,945,000 24,043 1,777,503 168,875 45,915,421
Building revenue bonds Financed purchase obligations Subscription liability Lease liability  Total bonds, leases, and subscription liabilities Other noncurrent liabilities: Unamortized bond premium		July 1, 2022 Restated 47,990,000 523,360 3,476,985 330,995 52,321,340 1,437,137		40,867 704,750 — 745,617	<b>R</b>	1,755,000 265,323 1,261,727 81,060	\$	June 30, 2023 46,235,000 298,904 2,920,008 249,935 49,703,847 1,178,233	\$ 2,290,000 274,861 1,142,505 81,060 3,788,426		43,945,000 24,043 1,777,503 168,875 45,915,421 1,178,233
Building revenue bonds Financed purchase obligations Subscription liability Lease liability  Total bonds, leases, and subscription liabilities Other noncurrent liabilities: Unamortized bond premium Compensated absences		July 1, 2022 Restated 47,990,000 523,360 3,476,985 330,995 52,321,340 1,437,137 2,187,975		40,867 704,750 — 745,617 — 223,559	<b>R</b>	1,755,000 265,323 1,261,727 81,060 3,363,110 258,904	\$	June 30, 2023 46,235,000 298,904 2,920,008 249,935 49,703,847 1,178,233 2,411,534	\$ 2,290,000 274,861 1,142,505 81,060 3,788,426 ————————————————————————————————————		43,945,000 24,043 1,777,503 168,875 45,915,421 1,178,233 366,840
Building revenue bonds Financed purchase obligations Subscription liability Lease liability  Total bonds, leases, and subscription liabilities Other noncurrent liabilities: Unamortized bond premium		July 1, 2022 Restated 47,990,000 523,360 3,476,985 330,995 52,321,340 1,437,137		40,867 704,750 — 745,617	\$	1,755,000 265,323 1,261,727 81,060 3,363,110	\$	June 30, 2023 46,235,000 298,904 2,920,008 249,935 49,703,847 1,178,233	\$ 2,290,000 274,861 1,142,505 81,060 3,788,426		43,945,000 24,043 1,777,503 168,875 45,915,421 1,178,233

## **Building Revenue Bonds**

### Revenue Bonds - Series 2015A

On June 25, 2015, the University issued \$20,105,000 in Revenue Bonds, Series 2015A (the 2015A Series), with interest rates of 3.00% to 5.00%. The remaining outstanding 2015A Series bonds are due in annual principal payments ranging from \$670,000 to \$1,340,000, and mature between July 1, 2024 and July 1, 2041. Interest is payable semi-annually.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

The 2015A Series bonds maturing in the years 2026 and thereafter are subject to optional redemption and payment prior to maturity on any date on or after July 1, 2025.

On May 5, 2021, the 2015A Series principal payments due July 1, 2021, July 1, 2023, and July 1, 2024, were defeased in full with proceeds of the Series 2021A-2 Refunding Revenue Bonds and Series 2021B Taxable Refunding Revenue Bonds.

### Revenue Bonds - Series 2015B - Private Placement

On June 25, 2015, the University issued \$7,070,000 in Revenue Bonds, Series 2015B (the "2015B Series"), with a fixed interest rate of 2.1515% through June 30, 2025. The remaining outstanding 2015B Series bonds are due in annual principal payments ranging from \$355,000 to \$360,000 and mature between July 1, 2024 and July 1, 2025.

The University may prepay the 2015B Series at any time, subject under certain circumstances to a prepayment penalty not to exceed 2%, declining over time to 0% on and after July 1, 2024.

The interest rate will reset for an additional term to be negotiated on July 1, 2025. The reset rate will equal the sum of (a) 65% of the applicable term Constant Maturity Treasury rate, and (b) 1.00%. The remaining principal balance of \$4,080,000 as of that date will be paid in annual installments ranging from \$370,000 to \$450,000, with a final maturity date of July 1, 2035.

On May 5, 2021, the 2015B Series principal payments due July 1, 2021, July 1, 2022, and July 1, 2023, were defeased in full with proceeds of the Series 2021A-2 Refunding Revenue Bonds and Series 2021B Taxable Refunding Revenue Bonds.

#### Revenue Bonds - Series 2018

On October 17, 2018, the University issued \$10,155,000 in Revenue Bonds, Series 2018 (2018 Series), with interest rates of 3.00% to 4.00%. The 2018 Series bonds are due in annual principal payments ranging from \$390,000 to \$680,000, and mature between July 1, 2022 and July 1, 2038. Interest payments are payable semi-annually.

The 2018 Series bonds maturing in the years 2026 and thereafter are subject to optional redemption and payment prior to maturity on any date on or after July 1, 2027.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## Revenue Bonds - Series 2021A-1

On May 5, 2021, the University issued \$10,365,000 in Revenue Bonds, Series 2021A-1 (2021A-1 Series), with interest rates of 2.00% to 4.00%. The 2021A-1 Series bonds are due in annual principal payments ranging from \$365,000 to \$665,000, and mature between July 1, 2024 and July 1, 2042. Interest payments are payable semi-annually.

The 2021A-1 Series bonds maturing in the years 2032 and thereafter are subject to optional redemption and payment prior to maturity on any date on or after July 1, 2032.

## Refunding Revenue Bonds - Series 2021A-2

On May 5, 2021, the University issued \$3,675,000 in Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2021A-2 (2021A-2 Series), with interest rates of 2.00% to 4.00%. The 2021A-2 Series bonds are due in annual principal payments ranging from \$35,000 to \$555,000, and mature between July 1, 2024 and July 1, 2041. Interest payments are payable semi-annually.

The 2021A-2 Series bonds maturing in the years 2036 and thereafter are subject to optional redemption and payment prior to maturity on any date on or after July 1, 2031.

### Taxable Refunding Revenue Bonds - Series 2021B

On May 5, 2021, the University issued \$6,810,000 in Taxable Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2021B (2021B Series), with interest rates of 0.25% to 3.25%. The 2021B Series bonds are due in annual principal payments ranging from \$290,000 to \$1,765,000, and mature between July 1, 2022 and July 1, 2041. Interest payments are payable semi-annually.

The 2021B Series bonds maturing in the years 2036 and thereafter are subject to optional redemption and payment prior to maturity on any date on or after July 1, 2031.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

The annual requirements to repay all bonds (excluding the 2015B Series, which were privately placed) outstanding at June 30, 2024, including interest payments, are as follows:

For The Year Ending June 30,	ear Ending June 30, Principal		Total
2027	<b>.</b>	A	<b>.</b>
2025	\$ 1,985,000	\$ 1,519,471	\$ 3,504,471
2026	2,080,000	$1,\!416,\!779$	3,496,779
2027	2,165,000	1,316,816	3,481,816
2028	2,240,000	1,223,490	3,463,490
2029	2,320,000	1,126,136	3,446,136
2030-2034	9,875,000	4,458,152	14,333,152
2035-2039	13,215,000	2,249,412	15,464,412
2040-2042	5,625,000	$279,\!274$	5,904,274
	\$ 39,505,000	\$ 13,589,530	\$ 53,094,530

The annual requirements to repay the privately placed 2015B Series outstanding at June 30, 2024, including interest payments, are as follows:

For The Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total
202					
2025	\$	360,000	\$	$95,\!527$	\$ $455,\!527$
2026		370,000		87,781	457,781
2027		380,000		79,821	459,821
2028		385,000		71,645	456,645
2029		395,000		63,362	458,362
2030-2034		2,100,000		186,104	2,286,104
2035		450,000		9,682	459,682
	\$	4,440,000	\$	593,921	\$ 5,033,921

### **Financed Purchase Obligations**

On June 28, 2013, the University entered into a financed purchase obligation agreement to fund equipment purchases relating to a campus-wide energy efficiency project. The lease has an original amount of \$10,000,000 with a net interest cost of 2.236%. The lease term is 15 years, with annual principal and interest payments of \$793,418 due each year on June 28. Prior to the end of the term, the University may terminate the lease at any time by making a payment equal to 103% of the then-outstanding principal balance.

Equipment capitalized under this lease agreement totaled \$12,661,501. The related accumulated depreciation totaled \$5,608,919 and \$5,058,604 at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. This lease was paid off early in December of 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

On July 19, 2019, the University entered into a financed purchase obligation agreement to fund computer equipment purchases and to begin a five-year replacement/refresh cycle to keep desktop and laptop systems current, operational and consistent across campus. The original amount of the four-year lease was \$1,292,460 with an interest rate of 2.60%. Annual principal and interest payments of \$271,929 are due July 19 each year, beginning in 2019 and ending in 2023. Title to the equipment is held by the University.

On July 6, 2022, the University entered into a financed purchase obligation agreement to fund computer equipment purchases for the Tech campus for laptops. The original amount of the five-year lease was \$40,867 with an interest rate of 7.48%. Monthly principal and interest payments of \$819 are due each month beginning in 2023 and ending in 2028. Title to the equipment is held by the University.

#### Lease Arrangements

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the University entered into a lease arrangement for buildings and related improvements. The lease contract expires July 2026. Payments on the lease are \$6,755 a month at an implied interest rate of 2.6%. The right-to-use assets are intangible assets and are recorded in Note 5. During 2024 and 2023, the University paid \$81,060 and \$81,060, respectively, in lease payments.

The annual requirements to repay leases liabilities outstanding at June 30, 2024, including interest payments, are as follows:

For The Year Ending June 30,	P	rincipal	In	terest
2025 2026 2027	\$	81,060 81,060 6,755	\$	2,283 175
	\$	168,875	\$	2,458

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## **Subscription Arrangements**

The annual requirements to repay subscription liabilities outstanding at June 30, 2024, including interest payments, are as follows:

For The Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest
2025	\$ 1,122,673	\$ 39,310
2026	618,215	34,012
2027	441,538	22,052
2028	456,869	13,173
2029	199,223	3,986
	\$ 2,838,518	\$ 112,533

#### Lessor

The University has entered into arrangements to lease cell towers owned by the University to others. The lease contracts expire at various dates through 2032, assuming that all renewal options are exercised by the lessee. During 2024 and 2023, the University received \$117,127 and \$146,651, respectively, in lease revenue which represents the total amount of inflows of resources recognized in the reporting period from leases.

#### 7. Pension Plan

The University provides retirement benefits for substantially all employees through individual annuities with TIAA-CREF (the Plan). Retirement benefits equal the amount accumulated to each employee's credit at the date of retirement. The costs of the Plan are shared by the University and the employee. The University contributes 10 percent of an employee's salary once the employee has one year of service at the University or any other institution that previously offered a TIAA-CREF plan. The employee's contribution into the Plan is at the discretion of the employee. Certain employees are required to contribute a fixed percentage to the Plan; the percentage is dependent on the employee's annual salary. The Plan cost to the University for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 was approximately \$4,972,000 and \$4,650,000, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 8. Risk Management

The University is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; employee injuries and illnesses; natural disasters; and employee health, dental and accident benefits. Commercial insurance coverage is purchased for claims arising from such matters other than those related to employee health benefits. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the three preceding years. There have not been significant reductions in coverage from prior years.

#### **Self-Funded Insurance**

The University has established a fund for health insurance. The health insurance program began in October 2002 for all University employees. The health insurance fund is funded with contributions made during each payroll period from the University, its employees, and retirees. The rates are based on past historical costs for individual and family coverage and expected future claims. The plan is administered by a third party, which accumulates claims. During 2024 and 2023, the maximum amount the University was responsible for was a \$100,000 stop loss limit per individual. Any expenses incurred above the maximum were reimbursed by the insurance company. The claims liability reported at June 30, 2024 and 2023 is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates it is probable a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

The cash balance in the health insurance fund as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 was approximately \$5,380,000 and \$6,697,000, respectively.

The changes in health care claims payable for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	 2024	2023
Claims payable - beginning of year Incurred claims	\$ 384,518 9,093,505	\$ 363,964 8,896,265
Claim payments	(9,089,703)	(8,875,711)
Claims payable - end of year	\$ 388,320	\$ 384,518

Claims payable is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities on the statements of net position.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 9. Litigation And Contingencies

The University is a party to litigation matters and claims which are normal in the course of its operations. While the results of litigation and claims cannot be predicted with certainty, based on advice of counsel and considering insurance coverage, management believes the final outcome of such matters will not have a material adverse effect on the University's financial position.

#### Perkins Loan Program

The University participates in the Federal Perkins Loan Program, under which loans are provided to eligible students and repayments are made directly to the University to provide funding for future eligible participants in the program. Effective October 1, 2015, the Department of Education (ED) stipulated that new loans may not be disbursed under the program; however, the Perkins Loan Extension Act of 2015 was passed in December 2015 extending the date for which Perkins Loans may be disbursed to September 30, 2017. Therefore, effective October 1, 2017, new loans may not be awarded under the program and will ultimately result in the closure of the program.

Pursuant to GASB accounting standards, the University has recorded previous contributions from the federal government for the program as revenue (and related restricted net position) in the period that the funds were received. The closure of this program will result in the University recording an expense when returning previous federal contributions received under this program to the ED.

As a part of the program, each year a Distribution of Assets calculation is made by the ED to calculate any required amounts to be returned to the ED. Going forward, each year the ED will request the University to return the ED's interest in the cash restricted for the Perkins Loan program held by the University at each June 30. The request by the ED will be made subsequent to the submission of the FISAP, which is due by October 1 of each year following the most recent June 30 date. The University's cash restricted for the Perkins Loan Program for which all or a portion could be required to be returned in the 2024-2025 fiscal year totaled \$31,937 at June 30, 2024, and will change in future years based upon the activity of the program. Amounts expected to be returned in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025, have not been accrued at June 30, 2024 and will be recognized in expense in the year ended June 30, 2025 when funds are returned.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 10. Condensed Combined Statements

Condensed combined statements for the University and its blended component unit, Washburn Tech, are presented on the following pages for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

#### Condensed Combined Statements Of Net Position June 30, 2024

	Washburn Washburn University Tech		Eliminations		(	Combined	
Assets:							
Current assets	\$	71,876,446	\$ 17,682,892	\$	_	\$	89,559,338
Noncurrent assets		224,819,579	4,933,906		_		229,753,485
Total Assets		296,696,025	22,616,798				319,312,823
Liabilities:							
Current liabilities		49,216,271	2,475,539		_		51,691,810
Noncurrent liabilities		45,733,699	150,064		_		45,883,763
Total Liabilities		94,949,970	2,625,603		_		97,575,573
Deferred Inflows Of Resources		753,620					753,620
Net Position:							
Net investment in capital assets		103,744,510	7,111,208		_		110,855,718
Restricted - nonexpendable		27,993,305	_		_		27,993,305
Restricted - expendable		12,577,379	2,678,301		_		15,255,680
Unrestricted		56,677,241	10,201,686				66,878,927
Total Net Position	\$	200,992,435	\$ 19,991,195	\$	_	\$	220,983,630

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

# Condensed Combined Statements Of Revenues, Expenses, And Changes In Net Position For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Washburn University	Washburn Tech	Eliminations	Combined
Operating Revenues:	Chiversity	rech	Eliminations	Combined
Tuition and fees	\$ 29,494,030	\$ 2,458,892	\$ —	\$ 31,952,922
Auxiliary enterprises	7,560,759		_	7,560,759
Other operating revenues	2,728,989	283,662	(100,000)	2,912,651
Total Operating Revenues	39,783,778	2,742,554	(100,000)	42,426,332
Operating Expenses:				
Education and general	88,187,400	12,833,320	(1,097,982)	99,922,738
Depreciation and amortization	11,208,145	1,161,919		12,370,064
Financial aid	2,632,593	98,936	_	2,731,529
Auxiliary enterprises	4,952,462	_	_	4,952,462
Self-insurance claims, net of premiums	8,617,708	_	997,982	9,615,690
Total Operating Expenses	115,598,308	14,094,175	(100,000)	129,592,483
Operating Loss	(75,814,530)	(11,351,621)	_	(87,166,151)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):				
State and local appropriations	52,172,823	11,423,151	_	63,595,974
Grants and contracts	12,914,849	2,458,767	_	15,373,616
Gifts	15,071,493	94,991	_	15,166,484
Investment income	4,588,139	907,875	_	5,496,014
Interest on indebtedness	(1,422,433)	_	_	(1,422,433)
Other nonoperating expenses	(1,757,450)	(176,389)	_	(1,933,839)
Net Nonoperating Revenues	81,567,421	14,708,395	_	96,275,816
Income (Loss) Before Other Revenues	5,752,891	3,356,774	_	9,109,665
Capital Grant And Gifts	251,478	_	_	251,478
Transfers	49,065	(49,065)	_	
Additions To Permanent Endowments	89,295			89,295
Change In Net Position	6,142,729	3,307,709	_	9,450,438
Net Position - Beginning Of Year	194,849,706	16,683,486	_	211,533,192
Net Position - End Of Year	\$ 200,992,435	\$ 19,991,195	\$ —	\$ 220,983,630

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

# Condensed Combined Statements Of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Washburn Washburn University Tech			Eliminations		Combined		
Assets:								
Current assets	\$	73,988,814	\$	$12,\!587,\!539$	\$	_	\$	86,576,353
Noncurrent assets		188,084,716		5,370,571		_		193,455,287
Total Assets		262,073,530		17,958,110		_		280,031,640
Liabilities:								
Current liabilities	17,614,936			1,056,222	_		18,671,15	
Noncurrent liabilities		48,750,954		218,404			48,969,35	
Total Liabilities		66,365,890		1,274,626		_		67,640,516
Deferred Inflows Of Resources		857,932						857,932
Net Position:								
Net investment in capital assets		96,748,188		5,299,211		_		102,047,399
Restricted - nonexpendable		26,942,371		_		_		26,942,371
Restricted - expendable		12,955,785		2,430,756	_			15,386,541
Unrestricted		58,203,362		8,953,519		_		67,156,881
Total Net Position	\$	194,849,706	\$	16,683,486	\$		\$	211,533,192

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Condensed Combined Statements Of Revenues, Expenses, And Changes In Net Position For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Vashburn Iniversity	Washburn Tech		Eliminations		C	Combined
Operating Revenues:	•						
Tuition and fees	\$ 28,551,811	\$	2,720,335	\$	_	\$	31,272,146
Auxiliary enterprises	6,807,943		_		_		6,807,943
Other operating revenues	2,682,959		254,676		(105,560)		2,832,075
Total Operating Revenues	38,042,713		2,975,011		(105,560)		40,912,164
Operating Expenses:							
Education and general	79,932,091		11,765,073	(1	,038,357)		90,658,808
Depreciation and amortization	10,585,721		1,373,193	`			11,958,914
Financial aid	1,564,209		254,983		_		1,819,192
Auxiliary enterprises	4,462,608		_		_		4,462,608
Self-insurance claims, net of premiums	7,955,381				932,797		8,888,178
Total Operating Expenses	104,500,010		13,393,249		(105,560)		117,787,699
Operating Loss	(66,457,297)		(10,418,238)				(76,875,535)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):							
State and local appropriations	49,472,872		7,962,813		_		57,435,685
Grants and contracts	10,348,441		1,849,400		_		12,197,841
Gifts	19,730,484		276,922		_		20,007,406
Investment income	2,869,577		478,144		_		3,347,721
Interest on indebtedness	(1,402,670)		´ —		_		(1,402,670)
Other nonoperating expenses	(1,338,435)		(311,875)		_		(1,650,310)
Net Nonoperating Revenues	79,680,269		10,255,404		_		89,935,673
Income (Loss) Before Other Revenues	13,222,972		(162,834)		_		13,060,138
Capital Grant And Gifts	251,478		_		_		251,478
Transfers	32,625		(32,625)		_		
Additions To Permanent Endowments	169,179						169,179
Change In Net Position	13,676,254		(195,459)		_		13,480,795
Net Position - Beginning Of Year	181,173,452		16,878,945				198,052,397
Net Position - End Of Year	\$ 194,849,706	\$	16,683,486	\$	_	\$	211,533,192

# 11. Washburn University Foundation - Accounting Policies And Disclosures

#### **Basis Of Financial Presentation**

The Foundation's consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Foundation, the LLC, and the Fund in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. All significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

The Foundation uses the accrual method of accounting.

The Foundation reports information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets that are based upon the existence or absence of restrictions on use that are placed by its donors: net assets without donor restrictions and net assets with donor restrictions.

Assets without donor restrictions represent amounts available for support of the operations of the Foundation, and that are not subject to donor stipulation.

Assets with donor restrictions are subject to donor and/or time restrictions. These funds either require that the principal be invested in perpetuity and the income only be used by the Foundation or are restricted by the donor's intent as to usage.

#### Fair Value Measurement

Assets recorded at fair value on the statement of financial position are categorized based upon the level of observability associated with the inputs used to measure their fair value. Fair value is defined as the amount that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The availability of observable inputs is affected by a variety of factors, including the type of asset and the transparency of market transactions. To the extent that fair value is based on inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment.

The three-level hierarchy for fair value measurements is defined as follows:

- Level 1 Inputs are unadjusted, quoted prices in active markets for identical assets at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs are other than quoted prices in active markets that are observable for the asset, either directly or indirectly, including inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.
- Level 3 Inputs are unobservable and significant to the asset, and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Inputs are used in applying the various valuation techniques and broadly refer to the assumptions that market participants used to make valuation decisions, including assumptions about risk. Inputs may include market price information, volatility statistics, specific and broad credit data, liquidity statistics, and other factors. The classification of a financial asset within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. However, the determination of what constitutes "observable" requires significant judgment by management. Management considers observable data to be that market data which is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary and provided by multiple, independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market. The categorization of a fund within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of that fund and does not necessarily correspond to management's perceived risk of that fund.

The fair value of the securities included in Level 1 include equity securities that are traded on an active exchange and are valued at the quoted market prices based on the last sale price on the measurement date. The fair value of the securities included in Level 2 include U.S. government obligations that are valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities, as provided by the broker, a Federally Insured Cash Account that is valued using pricing models, as provided by the investment fund, and life insurance policies that are valued based on information provided by the life insurance companies.

The availability of observable market data is monitored to assess the appropriate classification of financial instruments within the fair value hierarchy. Changes in economic conditions or model-based valuation techniques may require the transfer of financial instruments from one fair value level to another. In such instances, the transfer is reported at the beginning of the reporting period.

Management evaluated the significance of transfers between levels based upon the nature of the financial instrument and size of the transfer relative to total net assets. For the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, there were no significant transfers in or out of Levels 1, 2 or 3.

#### **Investments**

Investments in equity securities with readily determinable values are reported at fair value. Investments in various hedge funds, commingled accounts, and limited partnerships are recorded at the net asset value (NAV) per share, as a practical expedient to fair value, of the investments. Private equity and private real estate investments are carried at cost, less any adjustments for impairment.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

The Foundation has a policy of pooling assets for investment purposes, unless donor restrictions prohibit such pooling. The Foundation allocates a portion of investment income from pooled assets to support the Foundation's operations. The amount of investment income allocated for fiscal year 2024 and 2023 was approximately \$1,080,000 and \$1,139,000, respectively. The remaining investment return from pooled assets was generally allocated to each fund in the pool based on its relative market value.

Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market fluctuation, and credit risk. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in risks in the near term would materially affect investments and the amounts reported in the consolidated statement of financial position and consolidated statement of activities.

All investment income and realized and unrealized gains and losses are reported on the consolidated statement of activities and classified as without donor restrictions unless restricted by the donor or applicable law.

## Pledges Receivable - Promises To Give

Unconditional promises to give that are expected to be received within one year are recorded at net realizable value. Unconditional promises to give that are expected to be collected in future years are recorded at fair value, which is measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows. The discounts on those amounts are determined using risk-free rates, adjusted for a risk premium rate if necessary.

Conditional promises to give are not recorded until such time as the conditions are substantially met.

## **Accounting Pronouncements**

In February 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842), which supersedes existing guidance for accounting for leases under Topic 840, *Leases*. The FASB also subsequently issued additional ASUs, which amended and clarified the standard. The most significant changes are the requirement to recognize right-of-use (ROU) assets and lease liabilities for operating leases on the statement of financial position, as well as expanded disclosure requirements. The Foundation adopted the new lease standard on July 1, 2022, using the modified retrospective effective date transition method while utilizing certain practical expedients.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Management has elected to apply the package of practical expedients during transition that allows the Foundation to not reassess expired or existing contracts and leases for decisions that were already properly made under Topic 840, *Leases*. Management has also elected to apply the risk-free discounted interest rate practical expedient, which allows the Foundation to make an accounting policy election to use a risk-free rate as the discount rate. The transition to these ASUs represents a change in accounting principle. Management has determined the adoption of this new standard did not have a material impact on the Foundation's consolidated financial statement. Accordingly, no adjustment is required at the time of adoption.

#### **Investments**

Investments are reflected in the financial statements at fair value or cost in accordance with applicable accounting standards. Investments are as follows at June 30:

	$\boldsymbol{2024}$							
		Total		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3
Investments carried at fair value:								
U.S. equity	\$	27,509	\$	27,509	\$	_	\$	_
International equity		6,464,848		6,464,848		_		_
Fixed income		4,346,650				4,346,650		
Cash management		6,509,928				6,509,928		
Life insurance policies		1,844,426				1,844,426		
Other		226,639		_		_		226,639
Total		19,420,000	\$	6,492,357	\$ :	12,701,004	\$	226,639
Investments at NAV	1	46,681,519						
Private equity investments	;	26,356,701						
Private real estate investments		7,012,900						
Total at cost		33,369,601						
Total investments	\$ 1	99,471,120	ı					

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

	2023							
		Total		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3
Investments carried at fair value:								
U.S. equity	\$	7,100,609	\$	7,100,609	\$	_	\$	_
International equity		4,871,665		4,871,665		_		_
Fixed income		4,336,355		_		4,336,355		_
Cash management		3,261,379		_		3,261,379		_
Life insurance policies		1,740,145		_		1,740,145		_
Other		223,945		_		_		223,945
Total		21,534,098	\$	11,972,274	\$	9,337,879	\$	223,945
Investments at NAV		126,002,226						
Private equity investments		24,877,073						
Private real estate investments		6,336,569						
Total at cost		31,213,642	•					
Total investments	\$ :	178,749,966	ı					

The following table provides a summary of changes in the fair value of the Foundation's Level 3 investments:

	2024	2023
Beginning fair value Net change in value	\$ 223,945 2,694	\$ 225,560 (1,615)
Ending fair value	\$ 226,639	\$ 223,945

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

#### Investments at NAV

Investments that are measured using the NAV practical expedient, by type, are outlined in the table below.

			Unfunded		Redemption
Description	Jι	ine 30, 2024	Commitments	Redemption Frequency	Notice Period
U.S. equity (a)	\$	36,822,685	None	Monthly, quarterly	7-60 days
International equity (b)		24,335,672	None	Semi-monthly, quarterly, monthly	7-45 days
Global equity (c)		25,417,484	None	Weekly, every three years	6-126 days
Alternatives (d)		27,865,022	None	Monthly, quarterly, annually, 36- month	10-65 days
Public real estate (e)		9,820,246	None	Monthly, quarterly	15-90 days
Fixed income (f)		22,420,410	None	Daily, semi-monthly	2-5 days
	-				
	\$	146,681,519			
			Unfunded		Redemption
Description	Jı	ıne 30, 2023	Commitments	Redemption Frequency	Notice Period
•		/		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
U.S. equity (a)	\$	25,564,270	None	Monthly, quarterly	10-60 days
International equity (b)		22,397,063	None	Semi-monthly, monthly	6-31 days
Global equity (c)		23,039,274	None	Weekly, every three years	$6\text{-}126~\mathrm{days}$
Alternatives (d)		26,212,405	None	Monthly, quarterly, annually	10-90 days
Public real estate (e)		9,161,725	None	Monthly	15-30 days
Fixed income (f)		19,627,489	None	Daily	1-2 days
	\$	126,002,226			

- (a) This category includes investments in an offshore fund, limited partnership with strategies, including ex Small Cap Growth, Opportunistic, and long/short funds (130/30).
- (b) This category includes investments in a commingled account, an investment trust, an offshore fund, and limited partnerships with strategies, including Global ex U.S. Diverse, Global ex U.S. Growth, Global ex U.S. Small Company Equity, Emerging Market Equity, and Chinese Equity.
- (c) This category includes an investment in an offshore fund and an open-ended investment company with strategies in Global Value and Concentrated Long Equity.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

- (d) This category includes investments in offshore funds, limited partnerships and a commingled account with strategies including Long/Short Growth; Multi-Strategy, Event Driven; Fixed Income Arbitrage; Multi-Strategy, Credit; Global Macro, 130/30; Global Tactical Asset Allocation; and Diversified Multi-Strategy. Certain funds may have the ability to impose suspension or postponement of redemptions until further notice (a Gate). In addition, certain funds may delay payment of a portion of redemption proceeds (a Holdback) until the annual audited financial statements are distributed.
- (e) This category includes investments in a commingled account and limited partnerships with strategies, including Global REIT, MLP-Energy, and Carbon Allowances.
- (f) This category includes commingled accounts with an Intermediate-Term Fixed Income Strategy and a short-term fixed income strategy.

#### Private Placement Investments

Private placement investments include private equity and private real estate investments. These investments are recorded in the Foundation financial statements at cost, less any impairment adjustment, in the absence of readily determinable fair market values.

The Foundation's private placement investments are susceptible to changes in the U.S. and foreign economies. Management evaluates each investment, considering the near-term prospects of the investee, the age of the investment, and the Foundation's estimated future cash inflows from the investments. As a result of this evaluation, in 2024 it was determined that there was no impairment and, accordingly, the carrying value of these investments was not reduced. However, in 2023 it was determined that the value of five private investments were impaired and, accordingly, the carrying value of these investments was reduced in the amount of \$273,373. The impairment adjustment resulted in a reduction of Foundation investment income of \$210,497 in 2023, and a reduction of investment income on agency funds held for the University and Law School Foundation of \$62,876 in 2023. The cumulative impairment adjustments on private placement investments still held since inception total \$4,815,111, none of which occurred during 2024.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

The private placement investees provide the Foundation with capital account information based on the estimated value of the underlying investments. The cumulative value as reported by the investees totaled approximately \$48,870,943 as of June 30, 2024, which indicates a net unrealized gain of \$15,501,342. The net unrealized gain is composed of gross unrealized gains of \$15,927,347 and gross unrealized losses of \$(426,005).

The Foundation has unfunded commitments on private placement investment funds of approximately \$21,100,000 at June 30, 2024.

These private placement investments do not provide for withdrawals or redemptions at the initiative of the partners; rather, distributions will be paid as investments are liquidated or from distributable cash as determined by the partnership agreements.

#### Investment Return

Amounts included in investment return, net of income (loss) allocated to agency funds are as follows:

	 2024	2023
Dividends and interest	\$ 2,205,253 \$	3 2,001,784
Net realized gain	5,112,498	1,780,527
Change in net unrealized (loss) gain	8,716,115	8,984,289
Investment expense	(786,927)	(724,763)
Permanent impairment on private		
placement investments	_	(210,497)
	\$ 15,246,939 \$	3 11,831,340

#### Pledges Receivable

The Foundation estimates pledges receivable will be collected as follows:

	2024	2023
Receivable in less than one year	\$ 4,908,086	\$ 5,263,070
Receivable in one to five years	22,971,949	10,895,567
Thereafter	13,681,078	15,301,584
	41,561,113	31,460,221
Less allowance for uncollectible pledges	(70,753)	(86,644)
Less unamortized discount	(9,874,035)	(7,772,496)
	\$ 31,616,325	\$ 23,601,081

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Pledges receivable (after discount) from two single donors total approximately \$20,400,000 at June 30, 2024 and \$16,700,000 at June 30, 2023. Pledges receivables are discounted at 5.6% and 4.2% in 2024 and 2023, respectively, except for one long-term pledge (16 years) in the amount of approximately \$3,852,000, which is discounted at a rate of 6% in 2024 and 5.5% in 2023.

The Foundation considers pledges receivable to be classified as Level 3 within the fair value hierarchy. The following table provides a summary of changes in the fair value of the Foundation's pledges receivable.

	2024	2023
Pledges receivable, beginning	\$ 23,601,081	\$ 18,618,566
New pledges	17,830,435	10,600,219
Pledge payments received	(7,605,437)	(3,492,729)
Pledges written off	(14,977)	(556,069)
Reclassifications and change in discount	(2,194,777)	(1,568,906)
Pledges receivable, ending	\$ 31,616,325	\$ 23,601,081

The Foundation has been notified of additional intentions to give that are expected to be collected in future periods, principally through wills and revocable trusts. As such, these intentions to give are considered conditional and have not been recorded in the financial statements.

The Foundation is the residual beneficiary of an estate gift from the trust of an individual donor with a current value of approximately \$6,250,000 (unaudited). This deferred gift has not been included in the accompanying financial statements in accordance with current accounting guidance.

#### **Beneficial Interests In Trusts**

The following is a summary of beneficial interests in trusts. The Foundation considers all of these trusts to be classified as Level 3 within the fair value hierarchy.

	2024	2023
Perpetual trusts Charitable remainder trusts Charitable lead trust	\$ $9,103,615 \\ 159,541 \\ 18,093$	\$ 8,607,680 149,751 322,595
	\$ 9,281,249	\$ 9,080,026

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

The following table provides a summary of changes in the fair value of the Foundation's beneficial interests in trusts:

	<b>2024</b> 202				
Beginning fair value Distributions to Foundation Change in value in beneficial interest	\$	9,080,026 (570,692) 771,915	\$	8,924,689 (574,553) 729,890	
Ending fair value	\$	9,281,249	\$	9,080,026	

## Net Assets And Agency Funds

Net assets and agency funds by purpose and type are as follows at June 30:

		With I	Oonor Restrict	ions	Without	Foundation			
5	- 2024	Perpetual	Spendable	Pledge Receivables	Donor Restrictions	Total Net Assets	Agency Funds (Related Parties)	Total	%
		<b>-</b>	<b>F</b>						
Scholarship		\$ 83,955,442	\$ 4,350,625	\$ 7,530,915	\$ —	\$ 95,836,982	\$ 26,549,586	\$ 122,386,568	50.4
Student support		967,900	265,996	72,640	_	1,306,536	93,402	1,399,938	0.8
Program support		22,311,773	6,445,364	2,818,732	_	31,575,869	4,480,963	36,056,832	13.8
Faculty support		4,434,576	169,210	_	_	4,603,786	222,150	4,825,936	2.3
Professorship/Chairs		14,300,105		233,171	_	14,533,276	3,550,932	18,084,208	8.2
Capital		1,950,818	8,685,781	20,613,744	_	31,250,343	70,333	31,320,676	10.1
Restricted for time									
purposes		_	_	9,417	_	9,417	275,859	285,276	0.1
Area of greatest need:									
Undesignated		_	_	_	15,994,736	15,994,736	3,746,540	19,741,276	9.4
Other		_	536,587	_	_	536,587	_	536,587	0.2
Perpetual endowmen	ıt	5,540,047	_	_	_	5,540,047	2,261,462	7,801,509	3.3
Undistributed income	-								
subject to spending	g.								
policy		3,351,933				3,351,933	(291,065)	3,060,868	1.4
		Ф 100 010 704	@ 00 450 560	@ 01.070.010	Ф 15 004 <b>5</b> 00	# 004 500 510	# 40.000.100	@ 04F 400 CF4	100.0
		\$ 136,812,594	\$ 20,453,563	\$ 31,278,619	\$ 15,994,736	\$ 204,539,512	\$ 40,960,162	\$ 245,499,674	100.

	_	With	Donor Restric		Without	Foundation	<del></del>		
			~	Pledge	Donor	Total	Agency Funds	m . 1	
-	2023	Perpetual	Spendable	Receivables	Restrictions	Net Assets	(Related Parties)	Total	%
Scholarship		\$ 78,132,119	\$ 3,335,424	\$ 3,939,488	s	\$ 85,407,031	\$ 25,112,717	\$ 110,519,748	50.4
Student support		1,025,670	524,027	107,028	_	1,656,725	89,292	1,746,017	0.8
Program support		21,022,881	5,312,641	1,628,769	_	27,964,291	3,271,385	31,235,676	13.8
Faculty support		4,319,588	171,333	_	_	4,490,921	212,013	4,702,934	2.3
Professorship/Chairs		13,058,064	_	281,078	_	13,339,139	3,581,644	16,920,783	8.2
Capital		1,786,833	3,743,114	17,628,658	_	23,158,602	67,410	23,226,012	10.1
Restricted for time									
purposes		_	_	7,52	_	7,524	4,084	11,608	0.1
Area of greatest need:									
Undesignated		_	_	_	14,966,888	14,966,888	3,961,947	18,928,835	9.4
Other		_	156,730	_	_	156,730	_	156,730	0.2
Perpetual endowmen	ıt	5,534,300	_	_	_	5,534,300	2,250,580	7,784,880	3.3
Undistributed income	e								
subject to spending	3								
policy		2,929,723		_		2,929,723	(364,127)	2,565,596	1.4
		\$ 127,809,178	\$ 13,243,269	\$ 23,592,539	\$ 14,966,888	\$ 179,611,874	\$ 38,186,945	\$ 217,798,819	100.0

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## **Endowment Funds**

The Foundation's endowment consists of approximately 800 funds established for a variety of purposes. Its endowment includes donor-restricted endowment funds that the Foundation must hold in perpetuity. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, net assets associated with endowment funds are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

The State of Kansas has enacted a version of the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA), which provides guidance and authority for the management of endowment funds.

The Board of Directors of the Foundation has interpreted UPMIFA as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the Foundation classifies as net assets with donor restrictions (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund. Investment earnings on the endowment fund remain classified in net assets with donor restrictions until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the Foundation in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by UPMIFA. In accordance with UPMIFA, the Foundation considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds including the ability to spend from underwater funds:

- (1) The duration and preservation of the fund
- (2) The purposes of the Foundation and the donor-restricted endowment fund
- (3) General economic conditions
- (4) The possible effect of inflation and deflation
- (5) The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments
- (6) Other resources of the Foundation
- (7) The investment policies of the Foundation

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

The Foundation has adopted investment and spending policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets. Under these policies, as approved by the Board of Directors, the Foundation feels that distributions to be made in the future are as important as distributions made today. This is consistent with the philosophy that the Foundation is to exist in perpetuity, and therefore, should provide for distributions

in perpetuity. The Foundation expects its endowment funds, over time, to provide an annualized total return (net of fees and expenses), through appreciation and investment income, equal to or greater than the rate of inflation, plus the Board approved distribution to Washburn University and budgeted operating expenses.

To satisfy its long-term rate-of-return objectives, the Foundation relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). The Foundation targets a diversified asset allocation that places a greater emphasis on equity-based investments to achieve its long-term return objectives within prudent risk constraints.

The Foundation has a policy of appropriating for distribution an amount which normally makes available a percentage (4.35% in 2024 and 4.45% in 2023) of the twenty-one quarter moving average of the market value of the endowment pool. These computations are completed quarterly and commence with the September quarter-end prior to the fiscal year in which the distribution is planned. In establishing this policy, the Foundation considered the long-term expected return on its endowment and the Foundation's primary objective of providing Washburn University with stable and predictable support for students and programs. To attain this goal, the Foundation seeks to grow the aggregate portfolio funds in perpetuity through investment earnings and growth through new gifts.

In February 2024, the Foundation's Board of Directors reviewed and approved the distribution of earnings from all funds including underwater endowments.

From time to time, the fair value of assets associated with individual donorrestricted endowment funds may fall below the level that the donor or UPMIFA requires the Foundation to retain as a fund of perpetual duration (underwater endowments). These deficiencies result from unfavorable market fluctuations and continued appropriation for certain programs as deemed prudent by the Board of Directors.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

At June 30, funds with deficiencies were reported in net asset with donor restrictions as detailed below:

	 2024	2023
Fair value of underwater endowment funds Original endowment gift amount	\$ 40,092,044 50,186,965	\$ 56,415,795 68,849,475
Deficiencies of underwater endowment funds	\$ 10,094,921	\$ 12,433,680

Composition and changes in endowment net assets for the year ended June 30, 2024:

	,	Without Donor strictions	R	With Donor estrictions	June 30, 2024 Total
	100	30110010115			10001
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$	725,386	\$	103,224,999	\$ 103,950,385
Investment return, net		75,098		10,663,436	10,738,534
Contributions		_		2,871,770	2,871,770
Appropriation of endowment assets for					
expenditure		(394,685)		(5,253,882)	(5,648,567)
Other changes:					
Release from time restriction		342,392		(342, 392)	_
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$	748,191	\$	111,163,931	\$111,912,122

Composition and changes in endowment net assets for the year ended June 30, 2023:

		Without Donor strictions	R	With Donor Lestrictions	Jı	ne 30, 2023 Total
	100	501100115	1/	esti ictions		Total
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$	710,675	\$	94,888,879	\$	95,599,554
Investment return, net		70,744		8,797,505		8,868,249
Contributions		_		4,360,827		4,360,827
Appropriation of endowment assets for						
expenditure		(397, 333)		(4,480,912)		(4,878,245)
Other changes:						
Release from time restriction		341,300		(341,300)		<u> </u>
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$	725,386	\$	103,224,999	\$	103,950,385

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

### **Related Parties**

The Foundation and the University have an agreement designating the Foundation as the fundraising organization that solicits, receives, manages and disburses charitable contributions on behalf of the University. Distribution of amounts held in the funds of the Foundation is subject to the approval of the Foundation and the availability of monies and are in accordance with the terms of donor-gifting agreements. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements generally reflect expenditures for which appropriate documentation has been submitted to and approved by the Foundation as of the financial reporting date.

As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Foundation owes the University \$208,181 and \$215,356, respectively, for amounts related to outstanding billings on private gift funds and reimbursement of operating expenses.

During 2024 and 2023, the Foundation provided direct support in the amount of \$13,506,871 and \$18,691,420, respectively, and made distributions from agency accounts as reflected below.

The University provides free use of certain facilities and services to the Foundation. The Foundation recorded in-kind contribution revenue and expense of \$345,000 for 2024 and 2023. The contributed facilities and services are used for both program and support services and the fair value is estimated using the average price per square foot of similar rental listings.

The Foundation holds and manages certain assets of the University and Law School Foundation. Combined agency transactions were as follows:

	 2024	2023
Fair market value of agency accounts, beginning of year	\$ 38,186,945	\$ 36,685,785
Contributions	1,343,915	406,130
Non-gift income	140,144	117,907
Investment return, net	4,025,293	3,432,788
Distributions	(2,038,494)	(1,745,749)
Expense allocation for administration and fundraising	(697,641)	(709,916)
Fair market value of agency accounts, end of year	\$ 40,960,162	\$ 38,186,945

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

### 12. Washburn Law School Foundation - Accounting Policies And Disclosures

### **Basis Of Accounting And Presentation**

The Law Foundation uses the accrual method of accounting.

The Law Foundation reports information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets that are based upon the existence or absence of restrictions on use that are placed by its donors: net assets without donor restrictions and net assets with donor restrictions.

Assets without donor restrictions represent amounts available for support of the operations of the Law Foundation, and that are not subject to donor stipulation.

Assets with donor restrictions are subject to donor and/or time restrictions. These funds require either that the principal be invested in perpetuity and the income only be used by the Law Foundation or are restricted by the donor's intent as to usage.

### **Accounting Pronouncements Adopted**

Effective July 1, 2021, the Foundation adopted ASU No. 2020-07, Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958): Presentation and Disclosures by Not-for-Profit Entities for Contributed Nonfinancial Assets. This accounting standard requires new presentation and disclosure standards for gifts-in-kind. Adoption of the new standard did not have a material impact on the Foundation's financial statements.

### **Investments Held At Washburn University Foundation**

The Law Foundation has an agreement with Washburn University Foundation (the University Foundation) whereby the University Foundation provides administration, fundraising, accounting, and investment services to the Law Foundation. Investments held at Washburn University Foundation consist of investments and earnings held at the University Foundation for the benefit of the Law Foundation. These amounts are pooled with other funds held by the University Foundation for investment purposes, unless donor restrictions prohibit such pooling. Income received from pooled assets is allocated to various funds calculated on the value of the entire pool.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

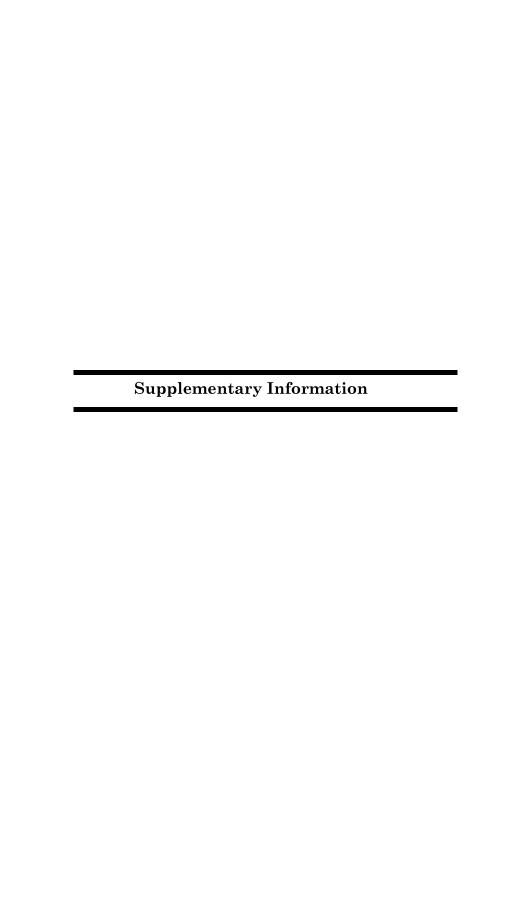
Investments held at Washburn University Foundation are reported at fair value, except for private placements, which are reported at cost.

Investment securities are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, market fluctuation and credit risk. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in risks in the near term would materially affect investments and the amounts reported in the statement of financial position and the statement of activities.

All investment income and realized and unrealized gains and losses are reported on the statement of activities and classified as without donor restriction unless restricted by the donor or applicable law.

Amounts included in investment return, net in the statement of activities are:

	 2024	2023
Interest and dividends	\$ 30,955	\$ 37,276
Net realized gain	359,165	138,141
Change in unrealized gain	584,531	624,854
Permanent impairment on private placement investments	_	(10,935)
Investment expense	(52,177)	(46,397)
	\$ 922,474	\$ 742,939



## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Page 1 Of 3 For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Radoral Aranay/	Pass-Through	Ā		Passed	d h To
Cluster/Program	Pass-Through Entity	Grant Number	Number	Amount	Subrecipients	ii 10 jents
Student Financial Aid Cluster						
Washburn University						
Federal Direct Student Loans	U.S. Department of Education		84.268	\$ 22,221,554	æ	
Federal Supplemental Educational						
Opportunity Grant Program	U.S. Department of Education		84.007	115,770		
Radaral Work-Study Program	IIS Denartment of Education					
Toronto a company and a compan	WU FY24 CWS payroll thru 6/30/24		84.033	204,773		I
	WU FY24 Community Service payroll		84.033	44,318		
Total of 84.033				249,091		1
Federal Perkins Loan Program	U.S. Department of Education		84.038	139,406		
٥	•					
Federal Pell Grant Program	U.S. Department of Education		84.063	8,968,988		
TASA Cucut Bucanom	II & Donoutmont of Education		907 70	19 119		
LASG GFAIL FORFAII	o.s. Department of Education		04.400	10,110		l
Washburn Institute Of Technology						
Federal Direct Student Loans	U.S. Department of Education		84.268	503,357		
Federal Pell Grant Program	U.S. Department of Education		84.063	1,041,900		
	•		•	,		
Total Student Financial Aid Cluster			•	33,253,179		

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (Continued)

### Page 2 Of 3 For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

Cluster/Program	Federal Agency/ Pass-Through Entity	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number/ Grant Number	AL Number	Amount	Passed Through To Subrecipients
TRIO Cluster					
Washburn University					
TRIO Upward Bound	U.S. Department of Education	P047A221537	84.047A	\$ 262,805	€
Total TRIO Cluster			I	262,805	
Career & Technical Education 84.048A					
Washburn University					
Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States	U.S. Department of Education/				
	Kansas Board of Regents	V048A230016 & V048A220016	84.048A	93,129	
Washburn Institute Of Technology					
Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States	U.S. Department of Education/				
	Kansas Board of Regents	V048A230016 & V048A220016	84.048A	154,094	
Total of 84.048A - Career and Technical Education			I	247,223	
Washburn University					
Higher Education Institutional Aid					
Title III Strengthening Institutions	U.S. Department of Education	P031F180097	84.031F	61,301	l
PEAK: Mulvane Art Museum	U.S. Department of Education/				
	KU Center for Research	S351A210022	84.351	2,610	1
Washburn Institute Of Technology					
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	U.S. Department of Education /				
	Kansas Board of Regents	V002A230016	84.002A	198,679	1
Total Other U.S. Department Of Education			ı	772,618	1
Total U.S. Department Of Education			l	34,025,797	

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (Continued)

### Page 3 Of 3 For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Federal Agency/	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number/	AL		Passed Through To
Cluster/Program	Pass-Through Entity	Grant Number	Number	Amount	Subrecipients
U.S. Department Of Health And Human Services					
Washburn University					
Advanced Nursing Education Grant Program	U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	T94HP30883	93.247	\$ 341,496	<b>↔</b>
Total U.S. Department Of Health And Human Services			I 1	341,496	
U.S. Department Of Treasury Washburn University					
WU - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	U.S. Department of Treasury /	SLFRP0140	21.027	58,877	
KTWU - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	Nansas Department of Commerce U.S. Department of Treasury /	SLFRP0140	21.027	69,295	1
COVID 19 Demolition - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	Kansas Department of Commerce U.S. Department of Treasury /	SLFRP0140	21.027	35.297	l
COVID 19	Kansas Board of Regents				
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			1 1	163,469	
Other Agencies Washburn University NSTI KDOT STEM Camp	Federal Highway Administration / Kansas Department of Transportation	106 KA-4549-23 and 106KA-4549-24	20.205	50,000	I
Small Business Development Center	Small Business Administration / Fort Hays State University	SBAHQ-15-B-0001/0001	59.037	112,858	ı
Biomedical Research and Research Training	National Institutes of Health / University of Kansas Medical Center	2P20GM103418-23 and 2P20GM103418-24	93.859	36,961	
Sex Estimation in Forensic Anthropology	National Science Foundaiton / University of North Texas Health Center	2214747	47.075	14,560	I
Volunteers in Service to America	Corporation for National and Community Service	17VSWKS004	94.013	45,865	
Total Expenditures Of Federal Awards			··	\$ 34,791,006	<del>&amp;</del>

### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

- 1. This schedule includes the federal awards activity of Washburn University of Topeka and of Washburn Institute of Technology and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.
- Program listed in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is administered directly by Washburn University of Topeka or Washburn Institute of Technology, and balances and transactions relating to these programs are included in the Washburn University of Topeka's basic financial statements (which include Washburn Institute of Technology as a blended component unit). Loans outstanding at the beginning of the year and loans made during the year are included in the federal expenditures presented in the schedule. The balance of loans outstanding related to the Perkins Loan Program was \$67,975 as no new loans were issued during the year ended June 30, 2024.

The University is responsible only for the performance of certain administrative duties with respect to the Federal Direct Loan Program and, accordingly, it is not practical to determine the balance of loans outstanding to students and former students of the University under this program at June 30, 2024.

- **3.** The University has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.
- **4.** Of the federal expenditures presented in this schedule, the University provided no federal awards to subrecipients.



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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & BUSINESS CONSULTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Regents Washburn University of Topeka Topeka, Kansas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component units of Washburn University of Topeka (the University) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 11, 2024.

Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of Washburn University Foundation and Washburn Law School Foundation, discretely presented component units of the University, as described in our report on the University's financial statements. The financial statements of Washburn University Foundation and Washburn Law School Foundation were not audited in accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards* and accordingly this report does not include reporting on internal control over financial reporting or instances of reportable noncompliance associated with Washburn University Foundation or Washburn Law School Foundation.

### Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the University's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Report On Compliance And Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the University's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Purpose Of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

December 11, 2024

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & BUSINESS CONSULTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report On Compliance For Each Major Federal Program And A Report On Internal Control Over Compliance Required By The Uniform Guidance

Board of Regents Washburn University of Topeka Topeka, Kansas

### Report On Compliance For Each Major Federal Program

### Opinion On Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Washburn University of Topeka's (the University) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the University's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2024. The University's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the University complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2024.

### Basis For Opinion On Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements*, *Cost Principles*, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the University and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the University's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

### Auditors' Responsibilities For The Audit Of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the University's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the University's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the University's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtaining an understanding of the University's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

### Report On Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

December 11, 2024

Rulin Brown LLP

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

### Section I – Summary Of Auditors' Results

### Financial Statements

ιπαι	nicial Statements		
1.	Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial stateme accordance with GAAP:  \[ \sum \text{Unmodified}   \text{Qualified}   \text{Adverse} \]	nts audited were p	repared in
2.	Internal control over financial reporting:		
	Matarial weakness (as) identified?		
	Material weakness(es) identified?	$\square$ Yes	$\boxtimes$ No
	Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	☐ Yes	None Reported
3.	Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?	☐ Yes	⊠ No
Fee	$deral\ Awards$		
4.	Internal control over major federal programs:		
	Material weakness(es) identified?	☐ Yes	⊠ No
	Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes	None Reported
5.	Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal pro-	grams was:	
	Unmodified		
6.	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	in Yes	⊠ No
7.	Washburn University of Topeka's major programs were:		
		Assistance	
	Cluster/Program	Listing Number	•
	Student Financial Aid Cluster		
	Federal Supplemental Education Opportunity Grants	84.007	
	Federal Direct Loans	84.268	
	Federal Work Study Program Federal Perkins Loan	84.033 84.038	
	Federal Pell Grant	84.063	
	IASG Grant	84.408	
	Career and Technical Education	84.048A	
8.	The threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B progr	rams was \$750,000.	
9.	Washburn University of Topeka qualified as a low-risk auditee?	$\boxtimes$ Yes	

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued) For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

	None	
Section III - Fed	leral Award Findings And Question	ed Costs

None



## Vice President for Administration and Treasurer SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

Current Year	Status
	Condition
	Program
CFDA	No.
Finding	No.

None

Supplementary Information Required For Revenue And Revenue Refunding Bonds

### SCHEDULE 1 - REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND COMPARISON WITH BUDGET General Fund For The Years Ended June 30, 2024 And 2023

	FY 2024	FY 2024	FY 2023
	Budget	Actual	Actual
Revenues:			
Tuition and fees	\$ 48,135,012	\$ 50,369,002	\$ 45,754,322
Income from endowment fund	419,381	1,075,020	1,058,354
Sales tax and other taxes	26,600,000	26,600,000	22,241,356
State appropriations	14,000,000	14,000,000	14,000,000
Other income	4,924,793	6,080,571	4,567,711
Use of reserves	2,633,497		
Total Revenues	96,712,683	98,124,593	87,621,743
Expenditures:			
Instruction	42,346,882	35,895,738	34,244,845
Public service, academic support and research	14,790,460	16,789,369	15,478,489
Student services	12,957,526	13,591,904	12,129,989
Institutional support	8,814,110	11,935,605	9,431,449
Maintenance of plant	8,122,800	10,121,595	8,535,030
Scholarships and fellowships	6,839,605	9,598,199	6,797,627
Other expenses and transfers	8,841,301	4,456,700	$385,\!592$
Total Expenditures	102,712,684	102,389,110	87,003,021
Change In Net Position	\$ (6,000,001)	(4,264,517)	618,722
Net Position - Beginning Of Year		20,301,132	19,682,410
Net Position - End Of Year		\$ 16,036,616	\$ 20,301,132

### SCHEDULE 2 - REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND COMPARISON WITH BUDGET

### Debt Retirement And Construction Fund For The Years Ended June 30, 2024 And 2023

	FY 2024 Budget		FY 2024 Actual		FY 2023 Actual	
Revenues:						
Ad valorem property and other taxes	\$	4,971,970	\$	6,474,759	\$	5,719,284
Transfer from other funds - debt service		3,640,154		2,252,197		2,685,674
Total Revenues		8,612,124		8,726,956		8,404,958
Expenditures:						
Bond principal		2,290,000		2,290,000		1,755,000
Lease principal		_		265,038		258,322
Interest and commissions on bonds		1,607,551		1,614,442		1,646,920
Transfers for construction, repairs or						
equipping of new or existing buildings		4,050,000		4,349,904		4,798,863
ESCO principal payoff		_				
Other expense	-	1,000,000				
Total Expenditures		8,947,551		8,519,384		8,459,105
Change In Net Position	\$	(335,427)		207,572		(54,147)
Net Position - Beginning Of Year				1,242,875		1,297,022
Net Position - End Of Year			\$	1,450,447	\$	1,242,875

### SCHEDULE 3 - REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND COMPARISON WITH BUDGET Tort Claim Liability Fund For The Year Ended June 30, 2024 And 2023

FY 2024 Budget		FY 2024 Actual	FY 2023 Actual	
Revenues:				
Ad valorem property and other taxes	\$ 707,637	\$ 632,495	\$ 632,495	
Total Revenues	707,637	632,495	632,495	
Expenditures:				
Insurance premium	365,000	250,364	$250,\!364$	
Litigation expense	340,000	80,950	80,950	
Other expense	240,000	64,590	64,590	
Total Expenditures	945,000	395,904	395,904	
Change In Net Position	\$ (237,363)	236,591	236,591	
Net Position - Beginning Of Year		780,333	543,742	
Net Position - End Of Year		\$ 1,016,925	\$ 780,333	

### SCHEDULE 4 - REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND COMPARISON WITH BUDGET Sales Tax Smoothing Fund For The Year Ended June 30, 2024 And 2023

	FY 2024 Budget		FY 2024 Actual		FY 2023 Actual	
Revenues:				_		_
Sales tax and other taxes	\$	2,600,000	\$	912,317	\$	4,232,433
Expenditures:						
Transfer to building construction fund		10,000,000		8,813,002		_
Transfer to capital improvement fund		500,000				
Other expense		2,000,000				
Total Expenditures		12,500,000		8,813,002		
Change In Net Position	\$	(9,900,000)		(7,900,685)		4,232,433
Net Position - Beginning Of Year				28,256,767		24,024,334
Net Position - End Of Year			\$	20,356,082	\$	28,256,767

### SCHEDULE 5 - REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND COMPARISON WITH BUDGET Washburn Institute Of Technology General Fund For The Year Ended June 30, 2024 And 2023

	FY 2024 Budget		FY 2024 Actual		FY 2023 Actual	
Revenues:				_		
Tuition and fees	\$	4,295,514	\$	3,773,830	\$	3,610,349
Vocational state aid		9,062,872		10,967,786		7,496,502
Vocational capital outlay		$455,\!365$		455,365		446,311
Interest on investments		332,000		907,875		478,144
Other sales and services		189,455		266,258		264,597
Use of reserves		750,000		_		_
Total Revenues		15,085,206		16,371,113		12,295,903
Expenditures:						
Instruction		8,098,376		7,131,627		6,267,935
Academic support		1,127,411		1,050,175		1,096,426
Student services		1,405,153		1,196,875		1,139,024
Institutional support		693,394		987,582		851,933
Maintenance of plant		1,869,066		1,824,257		1,694,269
Scholarships and fellowships		340,500		176,155		
Other expenses and transfers		2,551,306		2,756,434		537,839
Total Expenditures		16,085,206		15,123,105		11,587,426
Change In Net Position	\$	(1,000,000)		1,248,008		708,477
Net Position - Beginning Of Year				8,981,006		8,272,529
Net Position - End Of Year			\$	10,229,015	\$	8,981,006

### SCHEDULE 6 - REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND COMPARISON WITH BUDGET

### Auxiliary Enterprises For The Year Ended June 30, 2024 And 2023

	FY 2024 Budget		FY 2024 Actual		FY 2023 Actual	
Revenues:						
Room rental income	\$	4,583,259	\$	4,807,066	\$	4,118,781
Ichabod Shop		2,763,500		$2,\!362,\!757$		2,182,246
Dining		_		541,188		483,855
Other Income		950,000		950,000		760,000
Total Revenues		8,296,759		8,661,011		7,544,882
Expenditures:						
Debt Service		2,252,197		2,252,197		1,523,745
Salaries, wages and benefits		1,654,030		1,686,415		1,445,025
Cost of goods sold		1,548,285		1,760,194		1,624,404
Utilities, telephone and cable		908,638		$757,\!289$		705,860
Repairs and maintenance		249,157		375,864		$345,\!294$
Scholarships		312,069		331,966		310,969
Supplies and materials		170,940		164,065		81,440
Insurance		98,647		145,393		130,000
Other expense		2,502,796		$928,\!551$		808,230
Total Expenditures		9,696,759		8,401,934		6,974,967
Change In Net Position	\$	(1,400,000)		259,077		569,915
Net Position - Beginning Of Year				3,391,239		2,821,324
Net Position - End Of Year			\$	3,650,316	\$	3,391,239